



Sinclair QL Retro Gaming



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QPC II 4.05

QBITS GALAXY RD2370

It is a turbulent time in the Galaxy as the Federation seeks to enforce new rules on Interstellar Travel and Trade.

Select Star System with ↑ ↓ HyperSpace Jump to Planetary Orbit. Attack ⌘ Annex Star System ↑ Transfer + + Food/Ores/Tec/Trade and increase the Population. ⌘ Recruit more HODs ⌘ Transport to other Star Systems use for Attack or Defence.

Choose Skill Level and which side to be on
Federation or Rebel Alliance

(D)menu (G)ame Notes

Press Any Key



QPC II 4.05

GALAXY RD2370 Approaching Sol



RD2370 Menu

Skill Marshal ⌘ Admiral ⌘ Captain
(D)menu (G)ame (S)ave (H)ighscore (E)xit
Side ⌘ Federation / ⌘ Rebel Alliance



Skill Level: Captain

Game Type:



QBITS Introduction

Early nineteen-eighties I bought a ZX81 with its somewhat quirky keyboard arrangement for entering key words. Depending on context each had combined functions via the SHIFT and FUNCTION keys. For example the P key gave the letter (P), the (") quotes character and the BASIC commands PRINT and TAB. This became my introduction and first experience of computer BASIC.

In nineteen-eighty-four I gained my NHC in Electrical and Electronic Engineering. The later part of the course introduced me to the Forth Computer language. Memory was expensive back then so I was chuffed to say I managed to write a full washing machine program in just 29 lines. This was run on a microcomputer, possibly the Raspberry Pi of its day. Wired up to an electronics breadboard with discrete components, NAND and NOR gate microchips plus an Op amp or two, the on/off switched outputs were LED's. In the last few months of my time at college, they opened a computer lab laid out with BBC Micros. That was when I gained a more informative introduction to programming in BASIC.

Nineteen-eight-five I was employed on a project to network a campus sized site with 7,000 employees downsizing from Mainframes to Personal Computers. In that same year I bought my first QL at work we had just acquired our first IBM Personal Computer, but with only a monochrome screen. The QL was much less expensive had a colour output plus it was supplied with the Psion Software package. The unfortunate drawback was of course those microdrives.

QBITS Galaxy Space Adventure

I've never been much of a computer gamester, my interest lay more in trying to understand the coding producing the graphics and screen layouts. By exploring other people's programs and SuperBASIC commands I was soon writing and trying out my own code. Keen to develop a space adventure game, **QBITS Galaxy** began in the later part of the nineteen eighties. It was a time when I had perhaps an overly enthusiastic interest in Science Fiction, and I played a lot of board games such as RISK with family and friends.

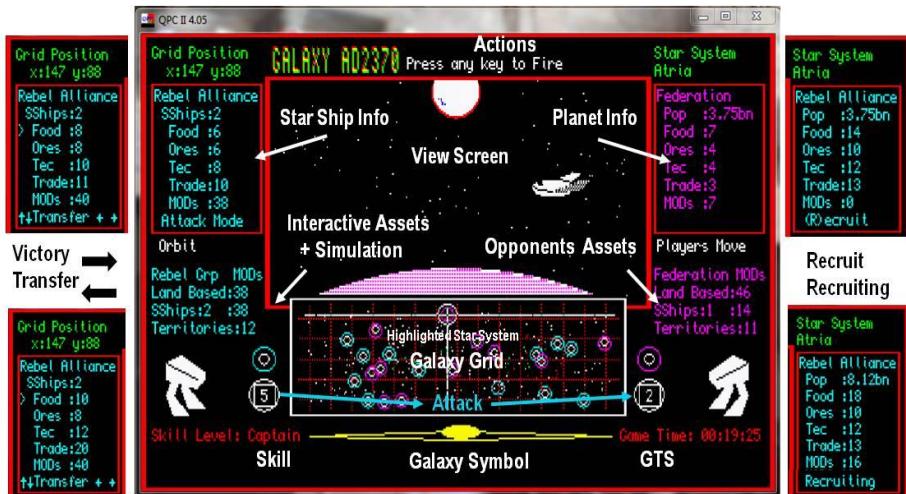
June 1987 Sinclair QL World Magazine: The Progs published **Stellaris** by David Cormona. I now realise this must have had a big impact on what I was trying to achieve and a possible reason why I didn't pursue my Game at the time. Today my thoughts are on whether there is any personal connection with that nineteen-eighties QL Game and the release of **Stellaris Galaxy** by Paradox Development Studio in 2016.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370v5

The Game having reached a level of maturity, it's time now to explore the thoughts and reasoning behind the code and its workings. However, for those lazy individuals like me you can still sit back and enjoy your coffee. Key F1 runs the Game in **Simulation Mode**. F2 runs through the view screen **Graphic Displays**. If you take up the Games challenge then F3 to F5 provides further checks and cheats to boost your survival. Have fun!

QBITS Galaxy AD2370v5 - Basic Concept

This was to be by definition a Game of strategy, where the **Antagonist** has to figure out the quickest or most sustainable route to defeat their **Opponent** and gain ultimate success. In this type of contest, a player uses **assets** to raise their **status** and bring about control of the game, taking advantage to limit and restrict their **Opponent's** opportunities or potential.



QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Game Screen

The above screen and additional side panel's shows the layout with information on the different phases of action involved. The game begins by selecting a Star System the location highlighted by the cross-wires on the Galaxy Grid. Moving graphics depicts a Space Hyper-jump to Orbit above the Star Systems primary Planet. Actions then take place to acquire and strengthen a player's assets through **Attack**, **Victory**, **Transfer** and **Recruit**.

Top left are printed the **Galaxy Grid** x,y coordinates, in the window below a sides **Star Ship** assets **Fleet size**, **Food/Ores/Tec/Trade** credits and **MODs** (Machines Of Destruction). Below this are the updated **Interactive** or **Simulation** Players assets, **Land based MODs**, **Star Ships in Fleet**, **Ship based MODs**, followed by the number of **Territories** annexed. Top right the **Star Systems Name**, the Planets **Allegiance**, **Population** in Billions, **Food/Ores/Tec/Trade** credits and **MODs**. Below this, the updated display of the **Opponents** side assets.

The **Galaxy Grid** displays the annexed Star Systems of the two sides in different coloured circles, the numbers displayed for each side increase or decrease as the game progresses. To either side are two symbols, a double circle above a graphic representation used for the Dice Roll. The colours of the outer circles of these symbols change to show the Star Ship side and Star System playing against each other.

At the bottom left the **Skill** level and on the right **GTS**, **Game Time Seconds** as they clock up to show the duration of the Game. The **Galaxy Symbol** in between is coloured differently when in **Interactive** or **Simulator Mode**.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - The Game

The aim is to reduce your Opponent's Territories to zero in the fastest time. The object therefore is in acquiring Territories. The strategy deployed depends on your level of assets. A major break at the start of play is how you are dealt your opening hand. Ten Territories (Star Systems) are allocated to each side, they are randomly sourced with Food/Ores/Tec/Trade credits & MODs. However, the total number of MODs is the same for both sides the difference always being made up as extra Star Ship MODs given to the side with the least Land based MODs. This can give an initial advantage and if fortunate enough in numbers you might simply target your opponent's Territories and annex them as quickly as possible.

Similarly you could target as many Territories as you can with low MODs (i.e. with three MODs or less) thereby increasing the opportunity of survival. An alternatively would be to Transfer Star Ship Food/Ores/Tec/Trade credits to increase the Population and Recruit more MODs from your own Territories. Thereby with increased credits and MODs available, making a Transfer of some back to your Star Ships for further expansion, and leaving others to better defend your Territories.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Skills & Hazards.

The **Skill** level is an increase in difficulty accomplished by reducing the time between completing each task. In addition, Galaxy Version 5 now has **Hazards**. Some just add delays to the game as you bypass a Galactic feature such as a **Pulsar**, a **Binary Star System**, or **Nebula**. There again watch out for the **Black Hole**, you could lose a Star Ship together with 20 MODs.

Maybe you not doing so well and on the verge of being defeated, well Good NEWS you could enter a **Timeslip** and you and your opponents assets are swapped. The Bad News is it could happen to you on the verge of winning.

Encounter is where you battle it out in space with your opponent. You lose one of your **MODs** every time you **fire**. If the enemy fires back, you lose **Shield Strength**, which is linked to your number of **Tec** credits. Good NEWS, destroy your enemy and you quickly gain more **MODs** and **Tec** credits.



QBITS Galaxy ADA2370v5 - Code Development

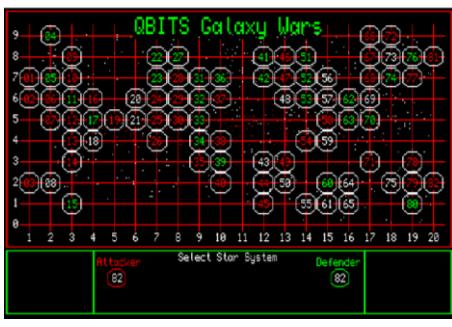
I didn't consciously consider before writing my Game Programs, that I might work to a framework. However, something of such has evolved. The three-act play scenario used in writing fiction applies just as well it appears to developing Game code : **Act 1 The Welcome** : **Act 2 The Challenge** : **Act 3 Game End**.

[Act 1] Welcome:- Intro page to describe the basic game and its function. **Initialisation** of Graphic displays and Parameters in line with opening choices made from a **Menu**. For **Galaxy AD2370** they are **Skill Levels** and **Sides**, plus the expected **(N)ew** **(L)oad** **(S)ave** much of which I had developed in earlier progs. Then a **(H)ighscore** and Game **(E)xit**.

[Act 2] Challenge:- subdivides into multiple acts derived from **Review** of information displayed and taking the appropriate choice of **Action** in order to progress. Then analysis of success or failure so as to determine further moves.

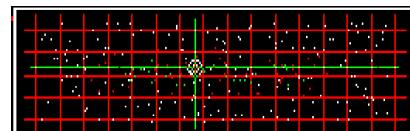
[Act 3] Game End:- when the challenge has been met a sequence depicting a **Final Battle** between the opposing sides. Then a **League Table**, showing the high scores of players coupled with the ability to update if a newly declared **Winner**.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Simple Beginnings



Initial thoughts began with constructing a Galaxy with Stars Systems in the form of a Territorial Map.

Grid Position
x:149 y:54



This changed to a Galaxy Map seeded with Random POINTs (Stars) with the Grid Position of a selected Star highlighted with a circle and the meeting point of horizontal & vertical cross-wires. Within a REPeat loop these could be moved under control of the cursor keys.

I had always imagined graphical representations would be part of the actions taking place. The Galaxy Grid now reduced to a smaller screen area opened the opportunity to create a Space window with moving Stars and the other actions I had in mind. My initial display created the illusion of movement by subdividing the view screen in to four quarters with randomly placed POINTs (Stars). Then using the PAN and SCROLL commands moved them out towards the four corners.

The Title and Intro blurb plus a few notes on Order of Play and this was about as far as I had progressed back in the nineteen-eighties.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Windows Initialisation

After experimenting with an expanding number of subdivided areas and varying number of Stars (POINTS), I eventually decided on eight overlapping areas that make up the main view screen (WINDOWS #3 to #10). Surrounding this are areas displaying information linked to current actions within the Game (WINDOWS #11 to #18). The **Galaxy Grid** (WINDOW #13) when playing the Game is also used for the **AD2370 Menu**, and the **Highscore League Table**.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Menu

The **Highscore League Table** is accessed from the **AD2370 Menu** and includes hidden key options (D) & (d) allowing the League Table to be set to **Default Scores** or **Reset**. Pressing (M) in Game mode will bring you back to the **AD2370 Menu** with the option to take a short coffee break change your **Skill Level** and **Sides** if you so wish, before pressing Spacebar to continue your Game.

AD2370 Menu					
Skill	(M)arshal	(A)dmiral	(C)aptain		
(N)eu	(L)oad	(S)ave	(H)ighscore	(E)xit	
Side	(F)ederation	/	(R)ebel Alliance		
Press Spacebar to Continue Game					

League Table					
Skill	Time	hours	MODs	Planets	Camer
Marshal	01:24:32		1024	58	SPlay
Admiral	01:02:45		1185	62	CPlay
Captain	00:49:20		1296	66	QBITS

League Table					
Skill	Time	hours	MODs	Planets	Camer
Marshal	00:00:00		0	0	
Admiral	00:00:00		0	0	
Captain	00:00:00		0	0	

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – Where When Who

Keeping track of the actions can become complex and requires variables and arrays to carry fixed and updated information. The Star System arrays **astro\$(70,20)** & **astro(70,11)** hold the Name and Population/Food/Ores/Tec/Trade//MODs and other details. The Star Systems Allegiance held in **astro(n,7)** are designated as follows:- **0** Independent colour - INK 6, **1** for **Rebel Alliance** - INK 5 and **2** for the **Federation** - INK 3.

A sides status of Food/Ores/Tec/Trade/MOD are held by array **side(2,5)**. Where variable **Gp1** is the Interactive or Simulation Player and **Gp2** is the Opponent. Either **side(Gp1,n)** or **side(Gp2,n)** can be set for **Rebel Alliance** or **Federation**. That is **Gp1=1** (**Rebel Alliance**) :**Gp2=2** (**Federatiiion**) or the reverse **Gp1=2** & **Gp2=1** etc.

The double circle symbols either side of **Galaxy Grid** (WINDOW#13) identifies who is playing against whom. The outer circle colour on the left shows the current Player's Move:- **Rebel Alliance** or **Federation**. On the right in Attack Mode, it shows the Planets opening allegiance, **Independent**, **Rebel Alliance** or **Federation**. A **Victory** will change the allegiance colour to the attacker's colours to show it has been annexed.

QBAD2370v5D-1 to 8 Data Files

The **SAVE** function stores inventories for both Star Systems **astro\$(a)** **astro(a,b)** and Sides **side(a,b)**, GTS Game Time, TD1 Skill chosen and side to play on **Gp1** & **Gp2**.

AD2370 Menu					
Skill	(M)arshal	(A)dmiral	(C)aptain		
(N)eu	(L)oad	(S)ave	(H)ighscore	(E)xit	
Side	(F)ederation	/	(R)ebel Alliance		
Saving...					

QBITs Galaxy ADA2370 - PROCedures Brief Overview

Part One

AD2370Intro /GTitle/GDev/LTData	Galaxy AAD2370 Title : Select Default Device : Load League Table
AD2370Info /MPrn/GIcon	Opening Scene : Print Game info messages to screen : Galaxy Icon
GWinInit	Initialising of Game Layout (WINDOWS#1 to #18)
GMenu /GSelect/GMPrn	Select Skill / Side / (N)ew (L)oad (S)ave (H)ighscore (E)xit : Print to screen
GExit	Closes and clears screen #3 to #18 and returns with 'bye...'
GNewInit	Seeds new Galaxy Populations Food/Ores/Tec/Trade & MODs
GMapInit/LMap	Creates Galaxy Map of Star Systems : Displays owned Star Systems
SelPath / GSavve /GLoad /FChck	Selection and access of Device & File

Part Two

GAD2370	Main Game Loop - Initiates when each side plays in which Hazards are encountered. Access to Game Information (G) or return to (M)enu. Plus F1,F2,F3,F4,F5 see page 18.
GPlay	Controls the game moves for Interactive, Simulation or Opponent . Simulation and Opponent can be set to play against each other checking program Stratagems.
GTime	Displays Game Time Clock
Hazards	Initiates random choice of Stellar events
/Pulsar/Binary/Nebula	Graphic displays showing the bypass of Stellar features.
/Blackhole	Avoid, if you go to close you could lose a Star Ship, crew and 20 MODs
/Timeslip	Swaps sides if one or other sides has 20 more Territories than the other.
Encounter	Destroy to win 20 MODs and extra Tec credits lose an MOD for every shot fired.
/EnclInit/EncUD	Sets Displays for Shield (Tec) and Lasers (MODs). Updates their strengths.
/Enemy/ Sights/Laser/Hit	Selects Enemy Ship /Target with Sights /Fire Laser /Destroy with direct Hit
GameTest	Tests Graphic HyperJump to Planet Conquest and on to Game End and Scores
PMap	Show cross-wires of selected Star System
MODInfo MODInit	Shows – Territories / Star Ships / MODs. Initialises MODs count.
PTInfo SSInfo	Displays Planet & Star Ship Information Population/Food/Ores/Tec/Trade/MODs
HJump /StarMove/	Space HighperJump to Star System : Background Star movement
/StarView /Star	Star approach
EOrbit /Phaser /Victory	Enter Orbit of Planet :Attack Mode fire Phaser : Gain additional credits and MODs
/TranSP /Recruit	Transfer Mode-Star Ship to Planet : Increase Population recruit etc.
/TranPS	Transfer Mode-Planet to Star Ship
LOrbit	Leave Orbit

Part Three

GEnd	Game End initialisation
/DeathStar	DeathStar enters Planetary Orbit
/DSAttack	Planet destroyed by DeathStar
/DSDefeat	Deathstar destroyed by Rebels
LTDefault /LTRest	Set League Table to Default Scores. Reset League Table.
/LScore	Displays HighScore League Table
/LName	Enter New Highscore and New Winners Name
/LSave LLoad	Saves Updated League Table. Loads League Table (see start of program code).
GNotes	Galaxy AD2370 Notes on Game control keys
RollDice /DiceA / DiceB	Graphics Simulated Roll of the dice
MODL /MODR	MODs images left & right
SS01 /SS02 /SS03	DeathStar / Rebel SShip / Federation SShip



QBITS GALAXY AD2370v5 - The Code

Most Games will use a number of Dimensioned Arrays and Global Variables that carry changes to the **Status** and **Information** associated with **Actions** within the Game. Those shown below cover most of the **Actions** within **Galaxy AD2370**. As you read through the following pages there usage will be explained in more detail. Declaring them at the beginning is usual in other BASICs and helps identify any anomalies through misuse especially as the game goes through its **Development Phase**.

1000 REMark QBAD2370v5QPC2 (QBITS Galaxy AD2370 v5.2 2018)

1002 MODE 4

1003 DIM Dev\$(8,5),Dat\$(8,13) :**RESTORE 1005** :REMark Device & Data Files

1004 FOR dn=1 TO 8:**READ** Dev\$(dn):Dat\$(dn)=QBAD2370v5D_&dn

1005 DATA 'fp1_','fp2_','win1_','win2_','dos1_','dos2_','nfa1_','nfa2_'

1006 d=1:mch=0:sch=1:file1 :REMark Device:MODInit: New/Load/Save checks

1008 DIM Comp(8,2):**RESTORE 1010** :REMark Encounter Compass Directions

1009 FOR c=1 TO 8:**READ** Comp(c,1),Comp(c,2)

1010 DATA 46,10,92,10,138,10,10,50,46,90,92,90,138,90,174,50

1012 DIM astro\$(70,20),astro(70,11) :REMark Star/Planet 1-70 Info

1013 DIM side(2,5),Gclk\$(20) :REMark Game Players Info : GTS h:m:s

1014 DIM name\$(4,10),score(3,3):nch=0 :REMark HighScore League Table Note nch - F2 Check

1016 Gp=0:Gp1=0:Gp2=0:Gs=0 :Gsk=3 :REMark Game Player Side & Skill checks

1017 RMOD=0:RSSn=1:RPs=10 :REMark Rebel Alliance MODs:SShips:Planets

1018 FMOD=0:FSn=1:FPs=10 :REMark Federation MODs:SShips:Planets

1019 dn=0:ach=1:t=1:rch=1 :REMark RollDice: Attack/Transfer:(R)ecruit

1021 DMs=3:ws=1:Mes\$=' :REMark Delet MODs:Warp Speed:Messages

1022 GTS=0:TD1=60:TD2=20 :REMark Game Time Seconds : Time Delays

1024 REMark Part 1 The Intro and Setup

1026 AD2370Intro:GMenu

1028 DEFine PROCedure AD2370Intro

1029 OPEN#20,scr_:_WINDOW#20,512,256,0,0:BORDER#20,2,2:PAPER#20,0:CLS#20

1030 WINDOW#1,496,220,8,10:PAPER#1,0:CLS#1:SCALE#1,120,0

1031 ch=1:x=132:y=8:Title\$=QBITS GALAXY AD2370:CSIZE#ch,2,1:GTitle:GDev

1032 END DEFine

1034 DEFine PROCedure GTitle

1035 OVER#ch,-1:FOR a=1 TO 2:INK#ch,a*2:CURSOR#ch,x+a,y+a:PRINT#ch,Title\$

1036 OVER#ch,0:CSIZE#ch,0,0

1037 END DEFine

Note:

I wonder if it is still the norm for students learning Basic computer programming to write their first code as:- PRINT 'Hello world'. For me Printing text to the screen quickly progressed from **Title** to the **Intro** blurb that conveyed a Games aims and the control keys to use.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Intro

The Intro page might consist of lines of text using a single font. However, there is no reason not to embellish it with an imaginative Title to spice things up a little.

QBITS Title

CSIZE used with OVER and a CURSOR offset presents the opportunity to create a 3D Style character effect. With different colour arrangements, result can be impressive.

```
WINDOW#1,512,256,0,0 :PAPER#1,0:CLS#1:CSIZE#1,2,1:OVER -1  
INK#1,2:FOR i=1 TO 3:CURSOR#1,140+i,20-i:PRINT#1,'QBITS Galaxy AD2370'  
INK#1,7:FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR#1,140+i,20-i:PRINT#1,'QBITS Galaxy AD2370'  
OVER 0:CSIZE 0,0:
```

This was where I began, experimenting with different INK and i Offset values.

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Storage Device

For **Galaxy AD2370** to run on different platforms there was the need to identify access to different storage **Devices**. The **Device** selected was for the **Save/Load** of the **Highscore League Table**, and the **Game Data files**. After starting up the Game a few times; I recognised a need to skip the **Intro**. These are dealt with by the procedure **GDev**.

1039 DEFine PROCedure GDev

1040 ch=1:CSIZE#ch,0,0:INK#ch,7

1041 CURSOR#ch,172,40:PRINT#ch,'Select Device ↑↓.'

1042 CURSOR#ch,100,52:PRINT#ch,'Press <Enter> to continue or <Esc> to skip Intro'

1043 REPeat lp

1044 CURSOR#ch,286,40:PRINT#ch,Dev\$(d)

1045 k=CODE(INKEY\$(5))

1046 SElect ON k

1047 =208:d=d+1:IF d>8:d=1

1048 =216:d=d-1:IF d<1:d=8

1049 = 10:LTData:AD2370Info:EXIT lp

1050 = 27:LTData:EXIT lp

1051 END SElect

1052 END REPeat lp

1053 LLoad:GWinInit:d=1:GMenu

1054 END DEFine



Note:d= Device 1 to 8 1005 DATA 'fip1_','fip2_','win1_','win2_','dos1_','dos2_','nfa1_','nfa2_'

QBITS Galaxy AA2370 - Game Control

For the most part access and control conforms with **Retro Games** in using the four cursors keys, **Left**, **Right**, **Up**, **Down**, for direction and the **Spacebar**, **Enter** and **Escape** keys to select and activate further actions. These were the keys and motions provided with early **Joystick controllers**. You may also have noted that they are keys in row one of the **SuperBASIC KEYROW** matrix. The use of k=CODE(INKEY\$(f)), as opposed to using k=KEYROW(1) appears to give a more controlled response running emulators on today's much higher clock speed computers. To use KETROW(1) with a PAUSE value, which counts in units of 20 milliseconds, does not provide SuperBASIC REPeat with the same loop control and key access as achieved with INKEY\$(f) where f is in frame counts.

Running **QBITS Galaxy AD2370** for the first time **LTDData** checks for the existence of the **Highscore League Table** file on the selected device. **FChck**, part of the **Load** and **Save** Procedures checks if the file is present. If not, one is created with **LTDefault**. This saves having to supply a separate file with the Game program. There is also a Procedure **LTReset**, actioned by key (d) from the **AD2370 Menu** that resets the **Highscore League Table** to zeros for a fresh start.

```
1056 DEFine PROCedure LTDData
1057 Dv$=Dev$(d):Gf$=QBAD2370DLT:ch=1: FChck:IF file=0:LTDefault
1058 END DEFine
```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Opening Scene

Artistic licence or not, I guess this is a matter of choice and limited only by the level of understanding and use of QL SuperBASIC commands. To create a background a simple approach is to use a static colour pattern, making sure the text printed over it is still legible. A more complex one will involve changing and or moving images. If the Game has more than one static image or better still a moving graphic sequences, this presents an opportunity to consider them for the Game Intro.

For **Galaxy AD2370** I wanted an opening statement to be lines of text printed to screen giving the illusion of somebody typing words in real time. To follow this a sequence of moving Graphics, then after a short pause finish with further text giving an overview of the Games moves and actions.

If you chose to continue as you probably would the first time you run **QBITS Galaxy AD2370**, then you are presented with a combination of text and graphics. First, a sprinkling of Stars to fill the screen, then the opening message printed to screen character by character. This is followed by graphics used in the Game. The display of a local **Star** and then the **DeathStar** moves into view from deep space as a **Planet** looms up from the bottom of the screen. **Star Ships** for each side appear and following a short pause, the rest of the introduction text to **QBITS Galaxy AD2370** is displayed.



Opening Graphics using the Game End DeathStar and ending with Star Ships
Images of both sides.



QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Info Text

In deciding to printing character by character to screen as if it were being typed, I used **DATA** lines with variables **i, c, r, s, str\$** : where **i** is the INK colour, **c** column, **r** row, **s** the string length and **str\$** holds the string of text. Procedure **AD2370Info** contains a **FOR loop** which **READs** the **DATA** and Procedure **MPrn** uses the read Data to set INK **i**, CURSOR position **c, r** and contains a second **FOR loop b=1 to s** to print the **str\$** character by character to screen.

```

1060 DATA 6,120, 34,43,'It is a turbulent time in the Galaxy as the'
1061 DATA 6,128, 44,40,'Federation seeks to enforce new rules on'
1062 DATA 6,158, 54,30,'Interstellar Travel and Trade.'
1063 DATA 5,100, 70,48,'Select Star System with %c HyperSpace Jump'
1064 DATA 5,100, 80,48,'Planetary Orbit. Attack <> Annex Star System'
1065 DATA 5,100, 90,48,%c Transfer 1/4 1/2 Food/Ores/Tec/Trade and increase'
1066 DATA 5,100,100,48,'the Population. (R)ecruit more MODS <> Transport'
1067 DATA 5,100,110,48,to other Star Systems use for Attack or Defence.'
1068 DATA 6,118,132,42,'Choose Skill Level and which side to be on'
1069 DATA 6,160,146,28,'Federation or Rebel Alliance'
1070 DATA 3,186,166,19,(M)enu (G)ame Notes',5,206,186,13,'Press Any Key'
```

```

1072 DEFine PROCedure AD2370Info
1073 BLOCK#1,400,30,0,40,0
1074 FOR Stars=1 TO 250:INK RND(2 TO 7):POINT RND(0 TO 280),RND(0 TO 140)
1075 RESTORE 1060:FOR a=1 TO 3:READ i,c,r,s,str$:MPrn
1076 n=20:astro(n,10)=36:Gp=1:sx=140:sy=70:sr=3:Star:DeathStar
1077 ink1=7:ink2=248:x=160:y=20:SS02:x=38:SS03:PAUSE 50
1078 FOR a=4 TO 12:READ i,c,r,s,str$:MPrn:IF a=4:BLOCK 16,4,264,74,5
1079 PAUSE:CURSOR#1,9,118:FOR a=1 TO 16:SCROLL#1,-8,1:SCROLL#1,6,2:PAUSE 1
1080 END DEFine

1082 DEFine PROCedure MPrn
1083 INK i:CURSOR c,r:FOR b=1 TO s:PAUSE .5:PRINT str$(b);
1084 END DEFine

```



There again you may have chosen to skip straight to the Initialising of the Galaxy AD2370 Game.



QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Game Icon

The **Icon** is a feature I feel no **Game** should be without! This one could be described as an ellipse sitting superimposed on a flattened diamond and representing a Sunset or Star Eclipse take your pick. In the Game, it represents a symbol of Galactic Authority. The **Galaxy Icon** appears at the bottom of the Game screen coloured in INK 6 for Interactive Player and INK 2 for Simulation Mode.

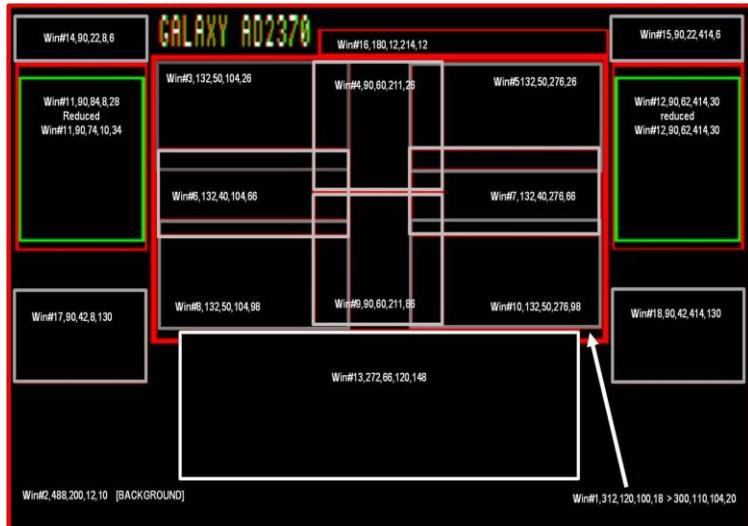


1086 DEFine PROCedure Glcon

```
1087 ch=2:x=82:y=2:IF SPch=0:INK#ch,6:ELSE INK#ch,2
1088 LINE#ch,x-40,y TO x,y+1 TO x+40,y TO x,y-1 TO x-40,y
1089 FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x,y+1,5,.3,PI/2:FILL#ch,0
1090 END DEFine
```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – Game Screen

GWINInit sets up the window areas and adds a few additional graphics. In the space following the **Galaxy AD2370 Title**; messages appear relevant to the current actions. The central view screen is subdivided into eight overlapping WINDOWS#3-10, used by Graphic Displays they create the illusion of moving through space. The WINDOW#13 below is used for the **AD2370 Menu** and when in Game Mode the **Galaxy Grid**. When selected, Top left #14 displays a **Stars Grid x,y** location, and on the right #15 the accessed **Star Systems Name**. On the left, i#11 **Star Ship Info**, to the right, #12 **Planet Info**, below these update of each **Side** in WINDOWS #17 & #18.



```

1092 DATA 132,50,104,26,90,60,211,26,132,50,276,26 :REMark win 3-10
1093 DATA 132,40,104,66,132,40,276,66
1094 DATA 132,50,104,98,90,60,211,86,132,50,276,98
1095 DATA 90,84,8,28,90,84,414,28,272,66,120,148 :REMark win 11-13
1096 DATA 90,22,8,6,90,22,414,6,198,12,214,12 :REMark win 14-16
1097 DATA 90,42,8,130,90,42,414,130 :REMark win 17-18

```

1099 DEFine PROCedure GWinInit

```

1100 file=1:Gp1=1:Gp2=2:RESTORE 1092
1101 WINDOW#2,496,226,8,4:PAPER#2,0:INK#2,7:CLS#2
1102 ch=2:x=96:y=0:Title=GALAXY AD2370:CSIZE#2,1,1:GTitle
1103 FOR ch=3 TO 18:OPEN#ch,scr,_READ a,b,c,d:WINDOW#ch,a,b,c,d
1104 WINDOW#1,312,130,100,24:BORDER#1,2,2:PAPER#1,0:CLS#1
1105 WINDOW#1,300,120,106,26:WINDOW#0,496,20,8,230:SCALE#1,100,0,0
1106 BORDER#11,1,2:WINDOW#11,86,80,10,30
1107 BORDER#12,1,2:WINDOW#12,86,80,416,30
1108 BORDER#13,1,7:PAPER#13,0:CLS#13:Gp=1:SPch=0:GIcon
1109 INK#2,7:CIRCLE#2,30,21,1.25:CIRCLE#2,132,21,1.25
1110 MODL:MODR:dx=30:DiceA:dx=132:DiceA
1111 sn=20:astro$(sn)=`Sol ':astro(sn,10)=228:astro(sn,11)=2
1112 INK#16,7:StarView:ink1=7:ink2=248:x=40:y=30:SS03:x=140:SS02
1113 END DEFIne

```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Menu

The **Menu** allows selection of Game **Skill** (**M**arshal (**A**dmiral (**C**aptain plus a choice of side (**F**ederation or (**R**eble. The **Skill** choice sets different time delays and boundaries to add difficulty to playing the Game. **GSkill** sets these values, **GMPrn** displays the choices as highlighted characters.

The other options are (**N**ew (**L**oad (**S**ave (**H**ighscore (**E**xit. There are two hidden options to set the **Highscore League Table** (**D**efault or (**d**) Reset. The **save** check variable **sch=1** to stop any use of (**S**ave until the use of (**N**ew or (**L**oad has been carried out, when **sch=0**.

1115 DEFine PROCedure GMenu

```
1116 CURSOR#2,378,216:PRINT#2,'Game Time: '
1117 CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,'      :FOR ch=11 to 15:CLS#ch
1118 ch=13:h:CSIZE#ch,2,0:INK#ch,7:OVER#ch,1
1119 FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR#ch,64+i,2:PRINT#ch,'AD2370 Menu'
1120 OVER#ch,0:CSIZE#ch,0,0: SPch=0:GIcon:GSkill:GMPrn
1121 REPeat lp          Note: SPch is the Simulation Player check Off=0 / On=1.
1122 k=CODE(INKEY$(-1))
1123 SElect ON k
1124 =77,109 :TD1=20      :GSkill:GMPrn   :REMark (Marshal
1125 =65, 97 :TD1=40      :GSkill:GMPrn   :REMark (Admiral
1126 =67, 99 :TD1=60      :GSkill:GMPrn   :REMark (Captain
1127 =70,102 :Gp1=2:Gp2=1 :GSkill:GMPrn   :REMark (Federation
1128 =82,114 :Gp1=1:Gp2=2 :GSkill:GMPrn   :REMark (Rebel Alliance
1129 =78,110 :mch=1:nch=0 :GNewInit      :REMark (New
1130 =76,108 : SelPath :GLoad        :REMark (Load
1131 =83,115 :IF sch=0: SelPath :GSave:GMPrn :REMark (Save
1132 =72,104 : LScore :PAUSE:GMenu     :REMark (Highscore
1133 =68   :LTDefault:LScore :PAUSE:GMenu :REMark (Default Highscore [Hidden]
1134 =100  :LTRestet :LScore :PAUSE:GMenu :REMark (dReset Highscore[Hidden]
1135 =69,101 : GExit       :PAUSE:GMenu   :REMark (Exit
1136 =32    :IF sch=0: GMapInit:GAD2370 :REMark SpaceBar Continue Game
1137 END SElect
1138 END REPeat lp
1139 END DEFine
```

Note variable **mch=1** activates **MODInit**
Note: **nch=0** League Table update on

1141 DEFine PROCedure GSkill

```
1142 IF TD1=20:Tm$='Marshal':GSk= 1:sk$='(M)':mx=4:my=2
1143 IF TD1=40:Tm$='Admiral' :GSk= 2:sk$='(A)':mx=6:my=3
1144 IF TD1=60:Tm$='Captain' :GSk= 3:sk$='(C)':mx=8:my=4
1145 IF Gp1=1:xsd=146:sd$=(R):ELSE xsd=56:sd$=(F)
1146 INK#2,7:CIRCLE#2,30,21,3:CIRCLE#2,132,21,3
1147 INK#2,2:CURSOR#2,0,216:PRINT#2,'Skill Level: ':Tm$
1148 END DEFine
```

Note: **GSk=1/2/3** League Table Game Skill

The variables **mx,my** identify boundaries for the Fire range used by Procedure **Encounter**.

1150 DEFine PROCedure GMPrn

```
1151 INK#ch,5:CURSOR#ch,20,14:PRINT#ch,'Skill (Marshal (Admiral (Captain'
1152 INK#ch,6:CURSOR#ch,16,26:PRINT#ch,'(New (Load (Save (Highscore (Exit'
1153 INK#ch,5:CURSOR#ch,20,38:PRINT#ch,'Side (Federation / (Rebel Alliance'
1154 INK#ch,7:CURSOR#ch,xsk,13:PRINT#ch,sk$:CURSOR#ch,xsd,37:PRINT#ch,sd$
1155 IF sch=0:INK#ch,2:CURSOR#ch,40,50:PRINT#ch,'Press Spacebar to Continue Game'
1156 END DEFine
```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Exit

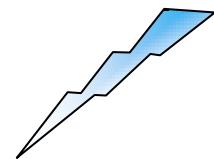
In leaving the Game, the responsibility is to reset the environment, closing any opened channels and cleaning up the screen. When developing you need to leave the program code available for editing hence **GExit**. However, to clear a Program code, any variables and channels other than #0,#1 and #2 and return to the SuperBASIC command interpreter you only need use the **NEW** command.

1158 DEFIne PROCedure GExit

1159 CLOSE#99:CLOSE#20:**FOR w=3 TO 18:CLOSE#w**
1160 INK#2,7:INK#1,7:WINDOW#1,512,256,0,0:PAPER#1,0:CLS#1
1161 INK#0,7:WINDOW#1,490,220,16,8:PRINT#0,'bye...':
1162 END DEFIne



1164 DATA 'Vega','Bellatrix','Zibal','Castor','Naos','Artos','Ilad'
1165 DATA 'Tabit','Diphda','Elnath','Acrux','Errai','Cellus','Detrus'
1166 DATA 'Polaris','Homan','Rigel','Sabik','Sarin','Westron','Zenda'
1167 DATA 'Furud','Gienah','Hadar','Propus','Izar','Centra','Nebtron'
1168 DATA 'Enif','Algol','Mirzarm','Libeta','Atria','Panus','Ulan'
1169 DATA 'Keid','Kochab','Lesath','Ankaa','Marsic','Nebus','Alean'
1170 DATA 'Meissa','Subra','Menkib','Altair','Muscida','Pusan','Curson'
1171 DATA 'Cursa','Nashira','Nunki','Ogma','Pollux','Xilon','Scarb'
1172 DATA 'Sirius','Merack','Serena','Denab','Tureis','Noran','Theron'
1173 DATA 'Beid','Wesen','Yildun','Caph','Zooma','Jarron','Cetrus'



NEW GAME

1175 DEFIne PROCedure GNewinit

1176 RESTORE 1164:ch=13:CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'Initilising':;CLS#ch,4
1177 FOR n=1 TO 70
1178 READ a\$:astro\$(n)=a\$:CURSOR#ch,86+n*2,50:PRINT#ch,':';
1179 Popu=RND(2 TO 16)/RND(4 TO 8) :REMark Population 0.5-8bn
1180 astro(n,1)=INT(Popu+Popu*.9) :REMark Food max 20
1181 astro(n,2)=INT(1+Popu) :REMark Ores max 10
1182 astro(n,3)=INT(Popu*1.12) :REMark Tec max 12
1183 astro(n,4)=INT((Popu+astro(n,2))/2) :REMark Trade max 20
1184 astro(n,5)=INT((Popu+astro(n,3))/1.1) :REMark MODs max 20
1185 astro(n,6)=Popu :REMark Population max 10bn
1186 astro(n,7)=0 :REMark Side
1187 astro(n,8)=n*4+15 :REMark x Grid coordinate
1188 astro(n,9)=RND(10 TO 90) :REMark y Grid coordinate
1189 astro(n,10)=RND(24 TO 46) :REMark Planet Colour
1190 astro(n,11)=RND(1 TO 3) :REMark Orbital Approach
1191 END FOR n
1192 REMark Side astro(n,5) 0=Independent 1=Rebel Alliance 2=Federation
1193 FOR i=1 TO 10
1194 n=RND(15 TO 55):IF astro(n,7)=0:astro(n,7)=2:ELSE GO TO 1194
1195 END FOR i
1196 FOR i=1 TO 5
1197 n=RND(5 TO 20):IF astro(n,7)=0:astro(n,7)=1:ELSE GO TO 1197
1198 n=RND(50 TO 65):IF astro(n,7)=0:astro(n,7)=1:ELSE GO TO 1198
1199 END FOR i
1200 FOR n=1 TO 70:IF astro(n,7)>0 AND astro(n,5)<3:astro(n,5)=3
1201 FOR Gp=1 TO 2 :side(Gp,1)=4:side(Gp,2)=2:side(Gp,3)=6:side(Gp,4)=6
1202 sch=0:GMapInit:LMap:GAD2370
1203 END DEFIne

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – New Game

GNewInit generates a new set of Game Data for the seventy Star Systems. The Sides at start of play are allocated 10 **Territories** (Star Systems) together with **Food/Ores/Tec/Trade** credits and **MODs**. GMapInit initialises the Galaxy Grid. LMap displays the two sides territories circled in their colours.



QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – Galaxy Grid

```
1205 DEFine PROCedure GMapInit
1206 ch=13:CLS#ch:BORDER#ch,1,7:INK#ch,0,2,3:SCALE#ch,100,0,0
1207 FOR h=12 TO 96 STEP 18
1208 LINE#ch,6,h TO 310,h
1209 END FOR h
1210 FOR v=16 TO 330 STEP 20
1211 LINE#ch,v,3 TO v,98
1212 END FOR v
1213 INK#ch,2:FOR i=1 TO 60 :POINT#ch,RND(60 TO 260),RND(30 TO 70)
1214 INK#ch,4:FOR i=1 TO 30 :POINT#ch,RND(80 TO 240),RND(40 TO 60)
1215 INK#ch,7:FOR i=1 TO 180:POINT#ch,RND(10 TO 300),RND(10 TO 90)
1216 ch=16:CLS#ch:INK#ch,7
1217 PRINT#ch,'Use ↑↓ to Select Star System':BLOCK#ch,16,4,40,4,7
1218 ch=1:CLS#ch:INK#ch,7
1219 FOR i=1 TO 120:POINT#ch,RND(10 TO 200),RND( 5 TO 95)
1220 END DEFine

1222 DEFine PROCedure LMap
1223 LOCAL n,nx,ny:ch=13
1224 FOR n=1 TO 70
1225 nx=astro(n,8):ny=astro(n,9):INK#ch,7
1226 IF astro(n,7)=1:CIRCLE#ch,nx,ny,3:INK#ch,5:CIRCLE#ch,nx,ny,6
1227 IF astro(n,7)=2:CIRCLE#ch,nx,ny,3:INK#ch,3:CIRCLE#ch,nx,ny,6
1228 END FOR n
1229 END DEFine
```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – Save & Load

Entering directly the device and file name can lead to typo's contributing to errors halting the program. To avoid this instead of using the SuperBASIC INPUT command I decided upon eight selectable and reusable DATA files to hold the Game Information.

SelPath uses the default device selected from **GDev** and appends a data file name, selection is made using the Up and Down cursor keys. **GSave** deletes the old file and opens it as a new file to save the Games Info **astro\$(a)**, **astro(a,b)**, **side(a,b)** arrays and Global variables **GTS** (Game Time Saved) **TD1** Current Time Delay setting and the deployment of sides via **GP1** & **GP2**.

```
1231 DEFine PROCedure SelPath
1232 ch=13:INK#ch,2:CURSOR#ch,0,50:CLS#ch,4
1233 CURSOR#ch,176,50:PRINT#ch,'↑↓ <Enter/Esc>:INK#ch,7
1234 REPeat Path_lp
1235 CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'Select: ':Dv$&Dat$(d)          Note: Dat$(8,13) holds QBAD2370v5D_1-8
1236 k=CODE(INKEY($-1))
1237 SElect ON k
1238 =208:d=d+1:IF d>8:d=1
1239 =216:d=d-1:IF d<1:d=8
1240 = 10:file=1:EXIT Path_lp
1241 = 27:file=0:EXIT Path_lp
1242 END SElect
1243 END REPeat Path_lp
1244 device_filename$=Dv$&Dat$(d):Gf$=Dat$(d)
1245 END DEFine
```



```
1247 DEFine PROCedure GSave
1248 ch=13:IF file=0:CURSOR#ch,0,50:CLS#ch,4:RETurn
1249 DELETE device_filename$
1250 CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'Saving...':CLS#ch,2:CLS#ch,4
1251 OPEN_NEW#99,device_filename$
1252 FOR a=1 TO 70
1253 CURSOR#ch,78+a*2,50:PRINT#ch,'.';PRINT#99,astro$(a)
1254 FOR b=1 TO 11:PRINT#99,astro(a,b):END FOR b
1255 END FOR a
1256 FOR a=1 TO 2
1257 FOR b=1 TO 5:PRINT#99,side(a,b):END FOR b
1258 END FOR a
1259 PRINT#99,GTS\TD1\Gp1\Gp2:CLOSE#99:CURSOR#ch,0,40:CLS#ch,2
1260 END DEFine
```

To Load a previously saved file; **SelPath** allows the selection of one of eight Game Files. If one is selected <Enter> **file=1** if not <Esc> **file=0**. **GLoad** will return if variable **file=0**. This is either because <Esc> was pressed in **SelPath** or **FChck** returns 'File Not Found..'. If **FChck** returns with **file=1** it uses the variable **device_filename\$** to open and read the file entries into **astro\$(a)**, **astro(a,b)**, **side(a,b)** arrays and Global variables **GTS**, **TD1**, **GP1**, **GP2** used by the Game.

```

1262 DEFine PROCedure GLoad
1263 ch=13 :IF file=0:CURSOR#ch,0,50:CLS#ch,4:RETurn
1264 FChck:IF file=0:CURSOR#ch,0,50:CLS#ch,4:RETurn
1265 OPEN_IN#99,device_filename$
1266 ch=13:CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'Loading...':CLS#ch,4
1267 FOR a=1 TO 70
1268 CURSOR#ch,78+a*2,50:PRINT#ch,'';INPUT#99,astro$(a)
1269 FOR b=1 TO 11:INPUT#99,astro(a,b):END FOR b
1270 END FOR a
1271 FOR a=1 TO 2
1272 FOR b=1 TO 5:INPUT#99,side(a,b):END FOR b
1273 END FOR a
1274 INPUT#99,GTS\TD1\Gp1\Gp2:CLOSE#99:CURSOR#ch,0,40:CLS#ch,2
1275 sch=0:nc=0:GSkill:GMapInit:GAD2370
1276 END DEFine

```



FChck deletes any existing FList file in the default device, then generates a new FList file and saves to it the Directory of filenames. It then checks through the list of filenames reading each into **Fchk\$** to find any match with the selected Game File **Gf\$** from **SelPath**. If EOF (End Of File) is reached it returns 'File Not Found...' with variable **file=0**.

```

1278 DEFine PROCedure FChck
1279 CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'Searching...':CLS#ch,4
1280 DELETE Dv$&'FList'
1281 OPEN_NEW#99,Dv$&'FList':DIR#99,Dv$:CLOSE#99
1282 OPEN_IN#99,Dv$&'FList'
1283 REPeat Dir_lp
1284 IF EOF(#99)
1285 CLOSE#99:CURSOR#ch,18,50:PRINT#ch,'File Not Found...'
1286 PAUSE 50:CURSOR#ch,0,50:CLS#ch,4:file=0:slk=1:RETurn
1287 END IF
1288 INPUT#99,Fchk$:IF Fchk$==Gf$:CLOSE#99:EXIT Dir_lp
1289 END REPeat Dir_lp
1290 END DEFine

```



1292 REMark Part 2 Playing the Game AD2370

```

1294 DEFine PROCedure GAD2370
1295 Gclk=DATE:clk1=DATE+10:clk2=DATE+TD1:clk3=DATE:SPch=0
1296 MODInfo:LMap:n=RND(20 TO 50):gx=-9:gy=-9:PMap:haz=0:haz2=0
1297 REPeat lp
1298 GTime:StarMove:k=CODE(INKEY$(5))
1299 IF DATE>clk1:Hazards :clk1=DATE+10
1300 IF DATE>clk2: Gp=Gp2: GPlay :clk2=DATE+TD1 :REMark Opponents Move
1301 IF DATE>clk3 AND SPch=1 Gp=Gp1: GPlay :clk3=DATE+TD2 :REMark Simulator Move
1302 SElect ON k
1303 =32 :IF SPch=0 :Gp=Gp1 :GPlay :REMark [SBar] Players Star Choice
1304 =71,103 :GNotes :REMark (G)ame Notes
1305 =77,109 :GTS=(DATE-Gclk+GTS) :GMenu :REMark Skill/Side/NEW/Load/Save
1306 =208 :IF SPch=0 AND n>1:n=n-1 :PTInfo :REMark move↑ Up
1307 =216 :IF SPch=0 AND n<70:n=n+1 :PTInfo :REMark move↓ Down
1308 =232 :IF SPch=0:SPch=1:Glcon:ELSE SPch=0:Glcon :REMark F1 Simulator
1309 =236 :sn=n::GameTest :REMark F2 Graphics Test
1310 =240 :TimeSlip :REMark F3 Cheat-Test
1311 =244 :Encounter:CLS#16 :REMark F4 Cheat-Test
1312 =248 :side(Gp1,3)=12:side(Gp1,5)=90:MODInfo :REMark F5 Cheat-Tec/MODs
1313 END SElect
1314 END REPeat lp
1315 END DEFine

```

First half of GPlay deals with the **Interactive** Game Player Moves...

```

1317 DEFine PROCedure GPlay
1318 ach=1:t=1:rch=1:Mes$='':INK#2,7:CURSOR#2,408,110
1319 IF SPch=1 AND Gp=Gp1:PRINT#2,'Simulator Move ':GO TO 1344
1320 IF Gp=Gp2:PRINT#2,'Opponents Move':GO TO 1344
1321 PRINT#2,'Players Move ':SSInfo:sn=n:HJump:StarView:EOrbit
1322 REPeat act
1323 IF FPs=0 OR RPs=0:EXIT act
1324 IF ach=1 AND astro(n,7)=Gp:ach=0:Mes$='↑↓ Transfer ←→':SSInfo
1325 IF ach=1 AND astro(n,5)= 0:ach=0:Mes$='↑↓ Transfer ←→':Victory
1326 IF ach=1 AND side(Gp,5)>DMs+1
1327 Mes$=: Attack Mode ':SSInfo:RollDice:SSInfo:CLS#16
1328 END IF
1329 IF ach=1 AND side(Gp,5)<DMs+1
1330 ach=0:PRINT#16,'Not enough MODs':PAUSE 25:EXIT act
1331 END IF
1332 IF s=0:ch=11:BLOCK#ch,10,50,0,20,0:AT#ch,t+1,0:PRINT#ch,>
1333 GTime:k=CODE(INKEY$(5))
1334 SElect ON k
1335 =192:TranPS Note Transfer phase Planet to Star Ship
1336 =200:TranSP Note Transfer phase Star Ship to Planet
1337 =208:t=t-1:IF t<1:t=5 Note t used to select Food/Ores/Tec/Trade MODs to Transfer
1338 =216:t=t+1:IF t>5:t=1
1339 = 32:EXIT act
1340 = 82,114:IF ach=0 AND rch=1:Recruit:rch=0 Note ach rch Attack & Recruit checks
1341 END SElect
1342 END REPeat act
1343 GO TO 1376

```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 – Game

GAD2370 REPeat lp provides the main access to playing the Game. GPlay controls the action taken by Interactive (human Player), Simulator or Opponent. Select Star System HyperJump to Enter Orbit and if not already annexed, Attack. With Victory or if Territory already annexed, then Game continues with Transfer of Food/Ores/Tec/Trade credits to raise the Population. Press key (R) recruit to generate more Planet credits and MODs. Further Transfer between Planet and Star Ships can then take place planning for future Attacks and raising defences for other Territories. A move ends with return to space and Leaving Orbit. For Hazards see next page.

The second half of GPlay deals mainly with Computer Opponent and Simulator Moves...

```
1344 SSInfo:IF side(Gp,5)>=20:n=RND(1 TO 70)
1345 IF side(Gp,5)<20
1346 FOR i=1 TO 10
1347 n=RND(1 TO 70):IF astro(n,5)>10 AND astro(n,7)=Gp:EXIT i
1348 END FOR i
1349 END IF
1350 IF Gp=1 AND FPs>30:FOR i=1 TO 5:n=RND(1 TO 70):IF astro(n,7)=2:EXIT i
1351 IF Gp=2 AND RPs>30:FOR i=1 TO 5:n=RND(1 TO 70):IF astro(n,7)=1:EXIT i
1352 sn=n:PTInfo:HJump:StarView:EOrbit
1353 IF astro(n,7)=Gp
1354 Mes$='↑↓ Transfer ← → ':SSInfo
1355 astro(n,1)=astro(n,1)+INT(side(Gp,1)/2):IF astro(n,1)>20:astro(n,1)=20
1356 astro(n,2)=astro(n,2)+INT(side(Gp,2)/2):IF astro(n,2)>10:astro(n,2)=10
1357 astro(n,3)=astro(n,3)+INT(side(Gp,3)/2):IF astro(n,3)>12:astro(n,3)=12
1358 astro(n,4)=astro(n,4)+INT(side(Gp,4)/2):IF astro(n,4)>20:astro(n,4)=20
1359 SSInfo:PAUSE 20:Recruit:rch=0
1360 IF side(Gp,5)<20 AND astro(n,5)>6
1361 side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5)+astro(n,5)-3
1362 END IF
1363 IF side(Gp,5)>50 AND astro(n,5)<10
1364 astro(n,5)=astro(n,5)+5:side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5)-5
1365 END IF
1366 ELSE
1367 Mes$=' Attack Mode ':SSInfo:PAUSE 20
1368 IF astro(n,5)>side(Gp,5)*3 OR side(Gp,5)<10:GO TO 1376
1369 RollDice:PAUSE 20
1370 IF astro(n,5)=0
1371 PRINT#16,astro$(n);' Falls'
1372 Victory:PAUSE 20:astro(n,7)=Gp:LMap:GO TO 1353
1373 END IF
1374 SSInfo:PAUSE 20:GO TO 1368
1375 END IF
1376 SSInfo:PAUSE 50:Orbit:PMap:gx=-9:gy=-9:n=RND(20 TO 50)
1377 ws=1:CLS#11:CLS#12:CLS#14:CLS#15:CLS#16
1378 CURSOR#2,408,110:PRINT#2,
1379 IF FPs=0 OR RPs=0:GEnd
1380 END DEFine
1382 DEFine PROCedure GTime
1383 Gclk$=DATE$(DATE-Gclk+GTS):INK#2,2:CURSOR#2,444,216:PRINT#2,Gclk$(13 TO 20)
1384 END DEFine
```

Game Time: 00:00:23

1386 DEFine PROCedure Hazards

```
1387 haz=RND(2 TO 7)
1388 IF haz=haz2 :RETurn :ELSE haz2=haz
1389 IF haz= 2:Pulsar :CLS#16
1390 IF haz= 3:Binary :CLS#16
1391 IF haz= 4:Nebula :CLS#16
1392 IF haz= 5:Blackhole:CLS#16
1393 IF haz= 6 AND DATE>clk2
1394 IF Gp1=1 AND RPs<FPs+20:RETurn
1395 IF Gp1=2 AND FPS<RPs+20:RETurn
1396 TimeSlip:clk2=DATE+TD1
1397 END IF
1398 IF haz= 7 AND SPch=0:Encounter
1399 END DEFine
```

Note **haz 2/3/4** creates time delays to Game

Note **haz 5** fly to near and lose 20MODs

Note **haz 6** swaps assets between players Lose or Gain

Note **haz 7** destroy enemy Star Ship Lose or Gain Tec & MODs

1401 DEFine PROCedure Pulsar

```
1402 LOCal px,py,pr:pr=.ws=1:PRINT#16,'Passing Pulsar'
1403 FOR i=1 TO 32
1404 px=90+i*3:py=90-i*2:pr=i/6:GTime:StarMove
1405 INK 241:FILL 1:CIRCLE px,py,pr :FILL 0:PAUSE 3
1406 INK 7:FILL 1:CIRCLE px,py,pr*1.1:FILL 0:PAUSE 2
1407 CIRCLE px,py,pr*2.3,PI/2:PAUSE 2
1408 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE px,py,pr*2 :FILL 0
1409 END FOR i
1410 END DEFine
```



1412 DEFine PROCedure Binary

```
1413 LOCal a1,a2,bx,by,rx,ry:a1=180:a2=0:rx=12:ry=4
1414 ws=1:PRINT#16,'Passing Binary Star System'
1415 FOR i=1 TO 40
1416 bx=72-i*2:by=50+i/2
1417 x1=bx-rx*SIN(RAD(a1));y1=by-ry*COS(RAD(a1))
1418 x2=bx-rx*SIN(RAD(a2));y2=by-ry*COS(RAD(a2)))
1419 sx=x1:sy=y1:sr=i/12:Star:a1=a1+6:IF a1>360:a1=0
1420 sx=x2:sy=y2:sr= i/6:Star:a2=a2+6:IF a2>360:a2=0
1421 PAUSE 2+i/4:INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x1,y1,i/4:FILL 0
1422 FILL 1:CIRCLE x2,y2,i/2:FILL 0:GTime:StarMove
1423 END FOR i
1424 END DEFine
```



1426 DEFine PROCedure Nebula

```
1427 LOCal x1,y1,x2,y2,x3,y3,x4,y4
1428 ws=1:PRINT#16,'Passing Nebula'
1429 FOR a=1 TO 40
1430 x1=92-a*3:y1=50-a*1.5:x2=90-a*4:y2=48-a*1.1
1431 x3=94-a*3:y3=48-a*1.5:x4=92-a*3:y4=50-a*1.5:OVER -1
1432 INK 0,7,0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x1,y1,a*1.5,.3,PI/2:FILL 0
1433 INK 0,4,3:FILL 1:CIRCLE x2,y2,a,.3,PI/2:FILL 0
1434 INK 0,4,3:FILL 1:CIRCLE x3,y3,a*.7,.4,PI/2:FILL 0
1435 INK 0,2,0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x4,y4,a*.8,.4,-PI/4:FILL 0:OVER 0
1436 PAUSE 4+a/10:INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x1,y1,a*4,.3,PI/2:FILL 0
1437 GTime:StarMove:INK 7:FOR i=1 TO 5:POINT RND(30 TO 80),RND(5 TO 40)
1438 END FOR a
1439 END DEFine
```



```

1441 DEFine PROCedure Blackhole
1442 ws=1:x=160:y=90:PRINT#16,'WARNING! >>> Blackhole <<<
1443 FOR a=8 TO 20:BHole:x=x-a/3:y=y-a/5:GTime:StarMove:PAUSE 5
1444 IF side(Gp1,5)>50
1445 side(Gp1,5)=side(Gp1,5)-20:PRINT#16,'One Ship and Crew Lost'
1446 ELSE
1447 PRINT#16,'Taking Evasive Action'
1448 END IF
1449 FOR a=20 TO 8 STEP -1:BHole:x=x+a:y=y-a/2:GTime:StarMove:PAUSE 2
1450 StarMove:MODInfo
1451 END DEFine

```

Note: If MODs are 50 or more expect to lose a **Star Ship**
and crew together with **20 MODs**.



```

1453 DEFine PROCedure BHole
1454 OVER -1:INK 2:CIRCLE x,y,a*.3,.8,PI/2
1455 ARC x,y+a*.2 TO x-a*.3,y,PI/2 TO x-y-a*.3,PI/2 TO x+a*.4,y,PI/2 TO x,y+a*.4,PI/2 TO x-a*.6,y-a*.6,PI/2
1456 ARC x,y+a*.2 TO x-a*.4,y,PI/2 TO x-y-a*.4,PI/2 TO x+a*.5,y,PI/2 TO x,y+a*.5,PI/2 TO x-a*.7,y-a*.7,PI/2
1457 OVER 0:PAUSE 5:INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x,y,a*4:FILL 0
1458 END DEFine

```

Note: TimeSlip Reverses the fortunes
of each side for Good or Bad.



```

1460 DEFine PROCedure TimeSlip
1461 FOR i=12 TO 18:CLS#i
1462 PRINT#16,'Time Slip':cursor#2,6,110:print#2,
1463 FOR a=1 TO 8:FILL 1: CIRCLE 92,50,a,.3,PI/2:FILL 0:PAUSE 3
1464 FOR n=1 TO 70
1465 IF astro(n,7)=1:astro(n,7)=2:ELSE IF astro(n,7)=2:astro(n,7)=1
1466 END FOR n
1467 FOR i=1 TO 5
1468 a=side(1,i):side(1,i)=side(2,i):side(2,i)=a
1469 END FOR i
1470 FOR b=16 TO 2 STEP -1
1471 LINE 92-b*3,50 TO 92+b*3,50
1472 LINE 92-b*5,50+b*3 TO 92+b*5,50+b*3
1473 LINE 92-b*5,50-b*3 TO 92+b*5,50-b*3:PAUSE 2
1474 END FOR b
1475 GTime:GMapInit:LMap:gx=-9:gy=-9:PMap:MODInfo
1476 END DEFine

```



Encounter gives the opportunity to engaging in a good old **Retro Dog Fight**. Line up your **Sights** <cursor keys Left Right Up Down> take aim and fire <**spacebar**>. If you destroy your **Enemy** you gain a **Star Ship** with **20 MODs** and more **Tec** credits. Your enemy can also reduce your **Tec** credits by weakening your **Shield** strength and every time you fire on your enemy reduces your **MODs** count by one. However to avoid any confrontation you can always abort with the <**Esc**> key.

```

1478 DEFine PROCedure Encounter
1479 IF side(Gp1,3)<=0 OR side(Gp1,5)<=0:RETurn
1480 PRINT#16,'Abort<Esc>:Target ←↑→ Fire':BLOCK#16,20,4,172,4,7
1481 Des=1:tx=92:ty=30:x=RND(80 TO 100):y=RND(40 TO 60)
1482 CLS#12:CLS#14:CLS#15:Enclnit
1483 REPeat enc
1484 INK 4:Sights:ink1=7:ink2=241:Enemy
1485 IF RND(57)=13:Phaser:side(Gp1,3)=side(Gp1,3)-1
1486 k=CODE(INKEY$(5)):GTime:EncUD
1487 INK 0:Sights:ink1=0:ink2=0:Enemy
1488 IF side(Gp1,3)<-4 OR side(Gp1,5)<=6:EXIT enc
1489 IF Des=2:PRINT#16,'Enemy Destroyed':EXIT enc
1490 SElect ON k
1491 = 32:Laser:side(Gp1,5)=side(Gp1,5)-1:MODInfo:Hit
1492 = 27:PRINT#16,'Aborting Attack':EXIT enc
1493 = 192:tx=tx-mx:IF tx< 10:tx= 10           Note Target tx,ty used to move Sights
1494 = 200:tx=tx+mx:IF tx>170:tx=170          Note mx, my set area boundaries for direct Hit
1495 = 208:ty=ty+my:IF ty> 90:ty= 90
1496 = 216:ty=ty -my:IF ty< 10:ty= 10
1497 END SElect
1498 IF x>164 OR x<20 OR y<20 OR y>90:c=RND(1 TO 8):cx=Comp(c,1):cy=Comp(c,2)
1499 IF x>cx:x=x-2:ELSE x=x+2
1500 IF y>cy:y=y-1:ELSE y=y+1
1501 INK 7:FOR i=1 TO 3:POINT x+RND(-5 TO 5),y+RND(-2 TO 2)
1502 END REPeat enc
1503 PAUSE 100:CLS#11:CLS#12:CLS#14:CLS#15:CLS#16
1504 END DEFine

```

For a more realistic movement of the enemy's **Star Ship**, coordinates of an eight point compass are loaded into array Comp(8,2) . The enemy randomly selects one of the **cx, cy** sets of coordinates and moves toward them. Upon reaching a boundary, it selects an alternative set (see Line 1498)

EncInit initialises the display, location appearance and direction of travel for the enemy Star Ship
EncUP Displays the Up Dates of **Sheild** strength and **MODs** available.

1506 DEFIne PROCedure EncInit

1507 INK#12,7:CURSOR#12,24,4:PRINT#12,'MODs:'` <Lasors>'

1508 INK#11,7:CURSOR#11,24,4:PRINT#11,'Tec :` <Sheild>'

1509 FOR i=1 TO 5

1510 BLOCK#11,40,1,22,22+i*10,5,0,1:BLOCK#12,40,1,22,22+i*10,3,0,1

1511 END FOR i

1512 c=RND(1 TO 8):cx=Comp(c,1):cy=Comp(c,2)

Note Random Selection of compass point **cx, cy**

1513 x=RND(80 TO 104):y=RND(40 TO 60)

Note Enemy Star Ship **x,y** appearance coordinates

1514 END DEFIne

1516 DEFIne PROCedure EncUD

1517 INK#12,2:CURSOR#12,50,4:PRINT#12,side(Gp1,5);`

1518 INK#11,4:CURSOR#11,50,4:PRINT#11,side(Gp1,3);`

1519 Mh=INT(side(Gp1,5)^.4):Th=INT(side(Gp1,3)*2.5) Note **Mh Th** MODs & Tec Bar height

1520 BLOCK#12,16,48,34,32,0:BLOCK#11,16,48,34,32,0

1521 BLOCK#12,16,Mh,34,72-Th,2:BLOCK#11,16,Th,34,72-Th,4

1522 END DEFIne

1524 DEFIne PROCedure Enemy

1525 IF Des=2:RETurn

Note **Des=2** returns as enemy has been destroyed.

1526 IF Gp1=1:SS03

Different enemy Star Ship images are deployed

1527 IF Gp1=2:SS02

dependant on which side Rebel or Federation.

1528 END DEFIne

1530 DEFIne PROCedure Sights

1531 LINE tx-15,ty+15 TO tx-5,ty+5:LINE tx+5,ty+5 TO tx+15,ty+15

1532 LINE tx-15,ty -15 TO tx-5,ty -5:LINE tx+5,ty -5 TO tx+15,ty -15

1533 END DEFIne

1535 DEFIne PROCedure Laser

1536 h=92:v=5:INK 2

1537 FOR i=1 TO 6

1538 OVER -1:FILL 1:LINE h,v TO tx-1,ty TO tx+1,ty TO h,v:FILL 0:OVER 0:PAUSE .5

1539 END FOR i

1540 END DEFIne

1542 DEFIne PROCedure Hit

1543 IF tx>x-my AND tx<x+mx AND ty>y-my AND ty<y+my

Note **mx,my** Sights boundary limits

1544 INK 2:FOR i=3 TO 8:CIRCLE tx,ty,i:PAUSE .5

Note **tx,ty** Target x,y aim

1545 INK 0:FOR i=8 TO 3 STEP -1:CIRCLE tx,ty,i:PAUSE .5

1546 IF side(Gp1,3)<10:side(Gp1,3)=side(Gp1,3)+6

1547 IF side(Gp1,5)<80:side(Gp1,5)=side(Gp1,5)+20

1548 Des=2:MODInfo

1549 END IF

1550 END DEFIne

To check the Graphics I added a short test Procedure GameTest.

```
1552 DEFine PROCedure GameTest  
1553 Pulsar:Binary:Nebula:Blackhole:HJump GTime:StarView:Gp=Gp1  
1554 EOrbit:Phaser:LOrbit: FOR n=1 to 70:astro(n,5)=13:astro(n,7)=Gp  
1555 LMap:side(Gp,5)=63:MOFInfo:IF Gp1=1:FPs=0:ELSE RPs=0  
1556 sch=1:nch=1:GEnd  
1557 END DEFine
```

Note: nch=1 blocks League Table updates sch=1 reset of save

Search a Star System ↑
Select SpaceBar



Note PMap - Cross-wires to Highlight Star System Selected

```
1559 DEFine PROCedure PMap  
1560 ch=13:INK#ch,7:OVER#ch,-1  
1561 LINE#ch,gx,5 TO gx,95:LINE#ch,12,gy TO 306,gy  
1562 CIRCLE#ch,gx,gy,3:INK#ch,7:CIRCLE#ch,gx,gy,9:OVER#ch,0  
1563 END DEFine
```

1565 DEFine PROCedure MODInfo

```
1566 RMOD=0:RPs=0:RSSn=0:FMOD=0:FPs=0:FSSn=0  
1567 FOR i=1 TO 70:IF astro(i,7)=1:RPs=RPs+1:RMOD=RMOD+astro(i,5)  
1568 FOR i=1 TO 70:IF astro(i,7)=2:FPs=FPs+1:FMOD=FMOD+astro(i,5)  
1569 IF mch=1:MODInit:mch=0 Note mch=1 Initialise MODs count.  
1570 IF Gp1=1:Rbch=17:Fdch=18:ELSE Rbch=18:Fdch=17  
1571 CLS#17:CLS#18:RSSn=1+INT(side(1,5)/21):FSSn=1+INT(side(2,5)/21)  
1572 INK#Rbch,5:PRINT#Rbch,'Rebel Grp MODs''Land Based:';RMOD'\SShips:';RSSn';'  
';side(1,5)''Territories:';RPs  
1573 INK#Fdch,3:PRINT#Fdch,'Federation MODs''Land Based:';FMOD'\SShips:';FSSn';'  
';side(2,5)''Territories:';FPs  
1574 END DEFine
```

1576 DEFine PROCedure MODInit

```
1577 IF RMOD>FMOD:side(2,5)=20+RMOD-FMOD:side(1,5)=20  
1578 IF FMOD>RMOD:side(1,5)=20+FMOD-RMOD:side(2,5)=20  
1579 IF FMOD=RMOD:side(1,5)=20:side(2,5)=20  
1580 END DEFine
```

Selecting a Star System displays its Planetary status (astro) and current Player's (side) Star Ship Resources.

```
1582 DEFine PROCedure PTInfo
1583 PMap:ch=12 :side$=Independent ':INK#ch,6:INK#2,6
1584 IF astro(n,7)=1:side$=Rebel Alliance':INK#ch,5:INK#2,5
1585 IF astro(n,7)=2:side$=Federation ':INK#ch,3:INK#2,3
1586 gx=astro(n,8):gy=astro(n,9): CIRCLE#2,132,21,3
1587 PRINT#14,'Grid Position' x':gx; y':gy
1588 PRINT#15,'Star System'astro$(n)
1589 CLS#ch:Pop$=astro(n,6):PopL=LEN (Pop$)
1590 IF PopL>2:FOR i=1 TO PopL:IF Pop$(i)=':':PopL=i+2
1591 PRINT#ch,side$
1592 PRINT#ch,'Pop ::Pop$(1 TO PopL);bn'
1593 PRINT#ch,'Food ::astro(n,1)
1594 PRINT#ch,'Ores ::astro(n,2)
1595 PRINT#ch,'Tec ::astro(n,3)
1596 PRINT#ch,'Trade::astro(n,4)
1597 PRINT#ch,'MODs::astro(n,5)
1598 PMap
1599 END DEFine
```

MODInfo

Note Lines 1583 -1586 INK#2,CIRCLE of Planet Colours

Star System Allegiance colours INK 3 Federation

Dice Roll



```
1601 DEFine PROCedure SSInfo
1602 MODInfo:PTInfo:ch=11:INK#ch,6:CLS#ch
1603 IF Gp=1:Gp$=Rebel Alliance:ss=RSSn:INK#ch,5:INK#2,5
1604 IF Gp=2:Gp$=Federation :ss=FSSn :INK#ch,3:INK#2,3
1605 PRINT#ch,Gp$:PRINT#ch,'SShips':ss :CIRCLE#2,30,21,3
1606 PRINT#ch,'Food ::side(Gp,1)
1607 PRINT#ch,'Ores ::side(Gp,2)
1608 PRINT#ch,'Tec ::side(Gp,3)
1609 PRINT#ch,'Trade::side(Gp,4)
1610 PRINT#ch,'MODs';side(Gp,5)
1611 AT#ch,7,0:PRINT#ch,Mes$:
1612 IF sch=0 AND rch=1:ch=12:AT#ch,7,0:PRINT#ch,'(R)ecruit '
1613 END DEFine
```

MODInfo

Note Lines 1603 -1605 INK#2, CIRCLE Star Ship Colours

INK 5 Rebel Alliance Star Ship side Colours

Dice Roll

Hyperspace Jump, Warp Speed and Impulse

The average distance across a Galaxy is a 100,000 Light years. Hyperspace or Subspace travel although almost instantaneous needs accurate Star charts and calculated navigations to avoiding any collisions. Warp speeds take longer, days, weeks even months to reach a distant Star system. Travelling on Impulse (sub light speed) can still take several hours to cross a solar system. My premise at this point was to depict the journeys of space travel with a graphic sequence. This became a Hyperspace Jump to the selected Star, deceleration through Warp Speeds on approaching the Star and then a swing into Planetary Orbit on Impulse drive.

```
1615 DEFine PROCedure HJump
1616 PRINT#16,'Hyperspace Jump to ':astro$(sn)
1617 wx=92:wy=54:ws=12):CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,
1618 FOR a=12 TO 24 STEP 3
1619 INK 241:CIRCLE wx,wy,a: Pause 5
1620 INK 7:LINE 50+a,10+a TO wx,18+a TO 132-a,10+a
1621 END FOR a
1622 GTime :PAUSE .5
1623 FOR a=24 to 48 STEP 3
1624 INK 241:CIRCLE wx,wy,a: PAUSE .5
1625 END FOR a
1626 GTime:PAUSE 3
1627 FOR a=1 TO 16
1628 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE wx,wy,a*4:FILL 0:PAUSE .5
1629 END FOR a
1630 FOR a=12 TO 1 STEP -1
1631 b=24-a*2 :INK 241:CIRCLE wx,wy,a*4:ws=a
1632 PAUSE a/2:INK 0:CIRCLE wx,wy,a*4:GTime::StarMove
1633 END FOR a
1634 END DEFine

1636 DEFine PROCedure StarMove
1637 hoz=ws:ver=ws:INK#2,7:CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,'Warp Speed:&ws&'
1638 IF ws>0:INK#1,7:FOR w=1 TO ws*2:POINT#1,RND(40 TO 160),RND(30 TO 70)
1639 SCROLL#4,-ver*2 : SCROLL#9,ver*2 : PAN#6,hoz*2 : PAN#7,hoz*2
1640 PAN#3,-hoz : SCROLL#3,-ver : PAN#5,hoz : SCROLL#5,-ver
1641 PAN#8,-hoz : SCROLL#8,ver : PAN#10,hoz : SCROLL#10,ver
1642 END DEFine

1644 DEFine PROCedure StarView
1645 sx=92:sy=80:PRINT#16,'Approaching ':astro$(sn)
1646 FOR r=2 TO 24 STEP 2
1647 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE sx,sy,r*.6:FILL 0
1648 StarMove:sr=r*.5:Star:PAUSE r/4
1649 END FOR r
1650 END DEFine

1652 DEFine PROCedure Star
1653 INK 2:FILL 1:CIRCLE sx,sy,sr*1 :FILL 0
1654 INK 7:FILL 1:CIRCLE sx,sy,sr*.95 :FILL 0
1655 INK 241:FILL 1:CIRCLE sx-sr*.6,sy-sr*.4, sr*.2,3,PI/4:FILL 0
1656 END DEFine
```



```

1658 DEFine PROCedure EOrbit
1659 PRINT#16,astro$(sn)'; - Planetary Orbit'
1660 INK#2,7:CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,'Impulse   ':x=92:CURSOR 0,60
1661 FOR a=1 TO 18
1662 POINT RND(10 TO 180),RND(40 TO 80):SCROLL -1:GTime
1663 IF astro(sn,11)=1 :x=18+a*3
1664 IF astro(sn,11)=3 :x=182-(a*3)
1665 INK astro(sn,10) :y=24-a*3
1666 FILL 1:CIRCLE x,y,a*2:FILL 0:PAUSE a/3
1667 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE x,y,a*2:FILL 0
1668 INK 7:POINT RND(40 TO 160),RND(30 TO 40)
1669 END FOR a
1670 FOR b=1 TO 14
1671 INK 7:POINT RND(10 TO 180),RND(10 TO 20):GTime
1672 IF Gp=1:x=92+b*3:y=50:ELSE x=92-b*3:y=55
1673 INK astro(sn,10):FILL 1:CIRCLE 92,-200+b,198:FILL 0
1674 INK 241:CIRCLE x,y,b-2:LINE x+b,y TO x+b,y:LINE x,y-b TO x,y+b:PAUSE b/2
1675 INK 0:CIRCLE x,y,b-2:LINE x+b,y TO x+b,y:LINE x,y-b TO x,y+b
1676 END FOR b
1677 ink1=7:ink2=248
1678 IF Gp=1:x=140:y=50:SS02:ELSE x=56:y=50:SS03
1679 INK#2,7:CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,'Orbit '
1680 END DEFine

```



Attack Mode

Upon arriving and Entering Orbit over a **Star Systems** Planet, if not already annexed, **Attack Mode** is activated. The **Roll of the Dice** determines which side loses **MODs**, the outcome either a defeat for the defending Planet or a retreat into space by the Attackers Star Ship. If a **Victory** for the attacker, the Star System is annexed, calculations determined by the Planets Population and exiting credits results in **Food/Ores/Tec/Trade** and **MODs** being added to the Star Ship inventory.



```

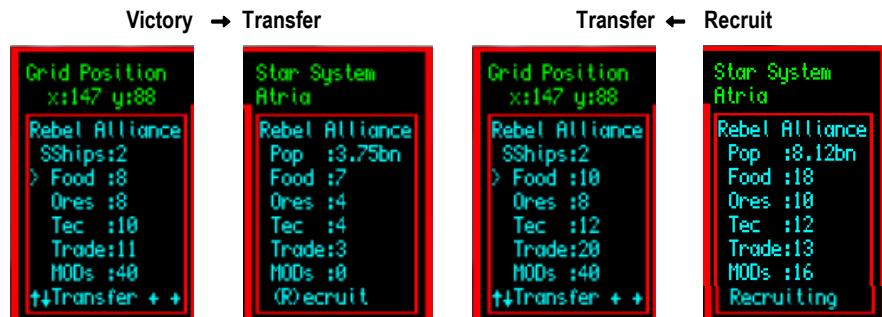
1682 DEFine PROCedure Phaser
1683 h=RND(80 TO 120):v=12:INK 2
1684 FOR a=1 TO 6
1685 OVER -1:LINE x,y TO h-1,v TO h+1,v TO x,y:FILL 0:OVER 0:PAUSE .5
1686 END FOR a
1687 END DEFine

```

```

1689 DEFine PROCedure Victory
1690 PRINT#16,'Transfer then - Recruit MODs'
1691 side(Gp,1)=side(Gp,1)+INT(astro(n,1)/3) :REMark Food (20)
1692 IF side(Gp,1)>20:side(Gp,1)=20
1693 side(Gp,2)=side(Gp,2)+INT(astro(n,2)/2) :REMark Ores (12)
1694 IF side(Gp,2)>12:side(Gp,2)=12
1695 side(Gp,3)=side(Gp,3)+INT(astro(n,3)/2) :REMark Tec (16)
1696 IF side(Gp,3)>16:side(Gp,3)=16
1697 side(Gp,4)=side(Gp,4)+INT(astro(n,4)/2) :REMark Trade (24)
1698 IF side(Gp,4)>24:side(Gp,4)=24
1699 side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5)+INT(astro(n,6)+2) :REMark MODs (100)
1700 IF side(Gp,5)>100:side(Gp,5)=100
1701 astro(n,7)=Gp:LMap:SSInfo
1702 END DEFine

```



Transfer & Recruit

If Planet is already annexed or just been taken the cursor keys,<Left Right Up Down> are used to select the Transfer of Food/Ores/Tec/Trade credits to the Planet. Pressing the (R) ecruit key, calculates the change in Population and generates credits and MODs in respect of new values.

```

1704 DEFine PROCedure TranSP
1705 REMark Transfer Food/Ores/Tec/Trade/MOD's from Star Ship > Planet
1706 IF t=1 AND side(Gp,1)>1 AND astro(n,1)<20
1707 side(Gp,1)=side(Gp,1)-1:astro(n,1)=astro(n,1)+1      :REMark Food (max 20)
1708 END IF
1709 IF t=2 AND side(Gp,2)>1 AND astro(n,2)<10
1710 side(Gp,2)=side(Gp,2)-1:astro(n,2)=astro(n,2)+1      :REMark Ores (max 10)
1711 END IF
1712 IF t=3 AND side(Gp,3)>1 AND astro(n,3)<12
1713 side(Gp,3)=side(Gp,3)-1:astro(n,3)=astro(n,3)+1      :REMark Tec (max12)
1714 END IF
1715 IF t=4 AND side(Gp,4)>1 AND astro(n,4)<20
1716 side(Gp,4)=side(Gp,4)-1:astro(n,4)=astro(n,4)+1      :REMark Trade (max 20)
1717 END IF
1718 IF t=5 AND side(Gp,5)>1 AND astro(n,5)<20
1719 side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5)-1:astro(n,5)=astro(n,5)+1      :REMark MODs (max 20)
1720 END IF
1721 SSInfo
1722 END DEFine

```

```

1724 DEFine PROCedure Recruit
1725 REMark Trade Tec/Food/Ores Credits Increase Population & MODs
1726 ch=12:AT#ch,7,0:PRINT#ch,' Recruiting':PAUSE 20:AT#ch,6,0:CLS#ch,4
1727 astro(n,6)=astro(n,1)/3.2+astro(n,3)/3.2 :REMark Population
1728 IF astro(n,6)>10:astro(n,6)=10
1729 astro(n,1)=astro(n,1)+INT(astro(n,6)/2) :REMark Food (20)
1730 IF astro(n,1)>20:astro(n,1)=20
1731 astro(n,2)=astro(n,2)+INT(astro(n,3)/4) :REMark Ores (10)
1732 IF astro(n,2)>10:astro(n,2)=10
1733 astro(n,3)=astro(n,3)+INT(astro(n,6)/2) :REMark Tec (12)
1734 IF astro(n,3)>12:astro(n,3)=12
1735 astro(n,4)=astro(n,4)+INT(astro(n,1)/2) :REMark Trade (20)
1736 IF astro(n,4)>20:astro(n,4)=20
1737 astro(n,5)=INT(astro(n,6)*2) :REMark MODs (20)
1738 PRINT#16,'To leave Orbit press':BLOCK#16,16,4,130,4,71739 SSInfo
1739 MODInfo:PTInfo
1740 END DEFine

```

At this point **Transfer of Food/Ores/Tec/Trade and MODs** is made between Planet and Star Ship. This is in part to strengthen forces for future Attacks and partly to improve annexed planets defences and make them less vulnerable to opponent attacks.

```

1742 DEFine PROCedure TranPS
1743 REMark Transfer Food/Ores/Tec/Trade/MOD's from Planet > Star Ship
1744 SShip=1+INT(side(Gp,5)/20)
1745 IF t=1 AND astro(n,1)>1 AND side(Gp,1)<10+2*SShip
1746 astro(n,1)=astro(n,1)-1:side(Gp,1)=side(Gp,1)+1 :REMark Food (max 20)
1747 IF astro(n,1)<astro(n,6):astro(n,6)=astro(n,1) :REMark Population
1748 END IF
1749 IF t=2 AND astro(n,2)>1 AND side(Gp,2)<2+2*SShip
1750 astro(n,2)=astro(n,2)-1:side(Gp,2)=side(Gp,2)+1 :REMark Ores (max 12)
1751 END IF
1752 IF t=3 AND astro(n,3)>1 AND side(Gp,3)<6+2*SShip
1753 astro(n,3)=astro(n,3)-1:side(Gp,3)=side(Gp,3)+1 :REMark Tec (max 16)
1754 END IF
1755 IF t=4 AND astro(n,4)>1 AND side(Gp,4)<14+2*SShip
1756 astro(n,4)=astro(n,4)-1:side(Gp,4)=side(Gp,4)+1 :REMark Trade (max 24)
1757 END IF
1758 IF t=5 AND astro(n,5)>1 AND side(Gp,5)<99
1759 astro(n,5)=astro(n,5)-1:side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5)+1 :REMark MODs (max 100)
1760 END IF
1761 SSInfo
1762 END DEFine

```

Note In both **TransSP** & **TranPS** variable **t** provides the link to selection of credits and MODs being transferred. The variable **SShip** limits the transfers between Planet and Star ships. This is based loosely on the maximum number of Credits and MODs divided among the ships in the Players fleet.

Food 10+2*SShip : **Ores** 2+2*SShip : **Tec** 6+2*SShip : **Trade** 14+2*SShip : **MODs** 100 max

Transactions complete Leaving **Orbit** and returning to deep space is a short graphic sequence to clear the view screen and information panels ready for the next sortie.

```
1764 DEFine PROCedure LOrbit
1765 PRINT#16,'Leaving Orbit':
1766 ink1=0:ink2=0:IF Gp=1:x=140:y=50:SS02:ELSE x=56:y=50:SS03
1767 CURSOR 0,60:INK#2,7:CURSOR#2,6,110:PRINT#2,'Warp Speed:1'
1768 FOR b=15 TO 1 STEP -1
1769 GTime:IF Gp=1:x=140-42+(b*3):y=50:ELSE x=60+42-(b*3):y=55
1770 INK 241:CIRCLE x,y,b-4:LINE x+b,y TO x+b,y:LINE x,y+b TO x,y+b:PAUSE b/2
1771 INK 0:CIRCLE x,y,b-4:LINE x+b,y TO x+b,y:LINE x,y+b TO x,y+b
1772 INK 7:POINT RND(20 TO 180),RND(20 TO 70):SCROLL -2,1:PAN#6,-1
1773 INK 7:POINT RND(20 TO 180),RND(20 TO 70):SCROLL 2,2:PAN#7,1
1774 END FOR b
1775 CLS#16
1776 END DEFine
```



The Pro's and Con's of Conflict

As the Game progresses if a Star Ships MODs fall too low in number, then attacking Star Systems without a numerical advantage is aborted. It then becomes necessary to seek out annexed Star Systems to carry out Transfer and Recruit more Food/Ores/Tec/Trade credits and MODs. The Hazard Encounter gives the Interactive player the advantage of quickly gaining Tec credits and additional MODs, but it comes with the risk of just as easily losing them !!!

Computer Generated Interaction

Increasing or decreasing the period when the Computer is locked out of play gives the pretence of a variable Skill level. The Computers flow of decisions are reliant on preset conditions, time delays and to some extent random numbers. To guard against the worst outcomes, avoidance mechanisms are in place as part of the code. For example, if the number of Star Ship MODs are less than 20 the program will avoid Attacks and seek out already annexed Star Systems to Recruit more Star Ship Resources.

1778 REMark Part 3 End Game

```
1780 DEFine PROCedure GEnd
1781 wx= 92:wy=5:px=156:py=28:DeathStar
1782 wx=156:wy=28:dx=56:dy=72:CSIZE 2,1
1783 IF FPs=0
1784 DSDefeat:PAUSE 10:INK 7:OVER 1
1785 FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR 64+i,46:PRINT 'Rebel Alliance'
1786 OVER 0:ink1=7:ink2=248:x=34:y=24:SS02
1787 END IF
1788 IF RPs=0
1789 DSAttack:PAUSE 10:INK 7:OVER 1
1790 FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR 64+i,46:PRINT ' Federation '
1791 OVER 0:ink1=7:ink2=248:x=40:y=24:SS03
1792 END IF
1793 CSIZE 2,0:INK 7:OVER 1
1794 FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR 70+i,68:PRINT#ch,'Wins the Game'
1795 OVER 0:CSIZE 0,0:INK 4
1796 PAUSE 100:LName:PAUSE 200:GMenu
1797 END DEFine
```



1799 DEFine PROCedure DeathStar

```
1800 ws=1:STRIP#2,0:CURSOR#2,0,110:PRINT#2,
1801 FOR a=1 TO 18
1802 INK astro(n,10):wx=80+a*4:wy=-46+a*4
1803 FILL 1:CIRCLE wx,wy,50-a*2:FILL 0
1804 INK 248:FILL 1:CIRCLE 20+a*2,90-a,a/3:FILL 0:PAUSE 2
1805 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE 20+a*2,90-a,a/3:FILL 0
1806 FILL 1:CIRCLE wx,wy,50-a*2:FILL 0
1807 END FOR a
1808 INK astro(n,10)
1809 FILL 1:CIRCLE wx,wy,14:FILL 0
1810 ink1=7:ink2=248:x=56:y=72:SS01
1811 END DEFine
```



1813 DEFine PROCedure DSAttack

```
1814 FOR a=1 TO 6
1815 INK 2:FILL 1
1816 LINE dx+2,dy+4 TO wx-10,wy+6 TO wx-12,wy+4 TO dx+2,dy+4
1817 FILL 0:PAUSE 3:INK 0:FILL 1
1818 LINE dx+2,dy+4 TO wx-10,wy+6 TO wx-12,wy+4 TO dx+2,dy+4
1819 FILL 0:PAUSE 2
1820 END FOR a
1821 INK 7:FILL 1:CIRCLE dx+2,dy+4,4:FILL 0
1822 FOR b=1 TO 12:INK 0 :CIRCLE 140+b,32,b:PAUSE .5
1823 FOR c=1 TO 12:FILL 1:CIRCLE 150+c*2,28+RND(-4 TO 8),RND(2 TO 5):FILL 0
1824 END DEFine
```



1826 DEFine PROCedure DSDefeat

```
1827 FOR i=1 TO 18
1828 INK 2:x1=RND(-12 TO 12):y1=RND(-12 TO 12):LINE dx,dy TO dx+x1,dy+y1
1829 INK 0:FILL 1:CIRCLE dx+RND(-2 TO 6),dy+RND(-2 TO 6),2:FILL 0:PAUSE 2
1830 END FOR i
1831 END DEFine
```



1833 REMark Galaxy League Table

1835 DEFine PROCedure LTDefault

1836 REMark Score League Table Default

1837 name\$(1)='SPPlay ':score(1,1)=5072:score(1,2)=1024:score(1,3)=58

1838 name\$(2)='CPlay ':score(2,1)=3765:score(2,2)=1185:score(2,3)=62

1839 name\$(3)='QBITS ':score(3,1)=2960:score(3,2)=1296:score(3,3)=66

1840 LSave

1841 END DEFine

1843 DEFine PROCedure LTReset

1844 REMark Resets League Table Reset

1845 name\$(1)=' ':score(1,1)=0:score(1,2)=0:score(1,3)=0

1846 name\$(2)=' ':score(2,1)=0:score(2,2)=0:score(2,3)=0

1847 name\$(3)=' ':score(3,1)=0:score(3,2)=0:score(3,3)=0

1848 LSave

1849 END DEFine

1851 DEFine PROCedure LScore

1852 ch=13:CLS#ch:OVER#ch,1:CSIZE#ch,2,0:INK#ch,7

1853 FOR i=1 TO 2:CURSOR#ch,60+i:PRINT#ch,'League Table'

1854 OVER#ch,0:CSIZE#ch,0,0:INK#ch,5

1855 CURSOR#ch,6,16:PRINT#ch,'Skill Time h:m:s MODs Planets Gamer'

1856 CURSOR#ch,6,28:PRINT#ch,'Marshal\'l Admiral\'l Captain'

1857 FOR a=1 TO 3

1858 HST\$=DATE\$(score(a,1)):HS2=score(a,2):HS3=score(a,3)

1859 INK#ch,3:CURSOR#ch,60,18+a*10:PRINT#ch,HST\$(13 TO 20);':HS2

1860 CURSOR#ch,168,18+a*10:PRINT#ch,HS3,:INK#ch,6:PRINT#ch,name\$(a)

1861 END FOR a

1862 END DEFine

1864 DEFine PROCedure LName

1865 GTS=DATE-Gclk+GTS:Gclk\$=DATE\$(GTS)

1866 IF nch=1:nch=0: LScore:RETurn :REMark F2 Gametest

1867 IF score(GSk,1)=0:GO TO 1869 :REMark League Table Reset

1868 IF score(GSk,1)<GTS: LScore:RETurn :REMark LT GTS Check < new GTS

1869 IF Gp=1:HS2=RMOD+side(1,5):HS3=Rt:ELSE HS2=FMOD+side(2,5):HS3=Ft

1870 CURSOR#2,444,216:PRINT#2,'

1871 score(GSk,1)=GTS:score(GSk,2)=HS2:score(GSk,3)=HS3:LScore

1872 ch=20:OPEN#ch,con_10x10a0x0_10:WINDOW#ch,60,10,314,167+GSk*10

1873 PAPER#ch,0:CLS#ch:INK#ch,6:INPUT#ch,name\$(GSk):CLOSE#ch: LSave

1874 END DEFine

1876 DEFine PROCedure LSave

1877 DELETE Dv\$&QBAD2370DLT:OPEN_NEW#99,Dv\$&'QBAD2370DLT'

1878 FOR a=1 TO 3:PRINT#99,name\$(a)\score(a,1)\score(a,2)\score(a,3)

1879 CLOSE#99

1880 END DEFine

1882 DEFine PROCedure LLoad

1883 OPEN_IN#99,Dv\$&'QBAD2370DLT'

1884 FOR a=1 TO 3:INPUT#99,name\$(a)\score(a,1)\score(a,2)\score(a,3)

1885 CLOSE#99

1886 END DEFine

1888 REMark Game Notes / DiceRoll

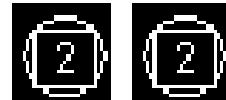
```
1890 DEFine PROCedure GNotes
1891 RESTORE 1063:INK 7:CURSOR 92,6:PRINT 'Galaxy AD2370 Notes':INK 4
1892 FOR a=2 TO 6
1893 READ i,c,r,s,str$c:6:r=a*10:MPrn:IF a=2:BLOCK 16,4,166,24,5
1894 END FOR a
1895 INK 3:CURSOR 26, 74:PRINT '(F1) Simulation Mode (F2) Graphics Check'
1896 INK 3:CURSOR 26, 84:PRINT '(F3) Timeslip Check - swaps Sides Assets'
1897 INK 3:CURSOR 26, 94:PRINT '(F4) Enemy Encounter (F5) Tec/MODs Cheat'
1898 INK 3:CURSOR 90,108:PRINT '(G)ame Notes (M)enu'
1899 INK 7:OVER 1:CURSOR 96,108:PRINT 'G' M:OVER 0
1900 PAUSE:CLS:FOR i=1 TO 120:POINT RND(10 TO 200),RND(5 TO 95)
1901 END DEFine
```

QBITS Galaxy AD2370 - Roll of the Dice

The Roll of the Dice decides which side losses MODs. The Attacking side losses to lower or even numbers rolled by the defending Star System. For an **Interactive** Player, if their Star Ship has less than four MODs the Attack is aborted.

Variable (**dn**) holds the current Star System, (**SPch**) controls the action:- a PAUSE for the **Interactive** player to press any key and Roll the Dice. For the **Simulator** or **Opponent** move this action is instant. (**Gp**) holds the selected side [**Rebel Alliance** or **Federation**] for updating sides MOD results

```
1903 DEFine PROCedure RollDice
1904 ch=2:GTime:dn=n
1905 IF SPch=0 AND Gp=Gp1:PRINT#16,'Press any key to Fire' :PAUSE
1906 IF Gp=1:x=132:y=44:Phaser:ELSE x=70:y=48:Phaser
1907 FOR a=1 TO RND(4 TO 6)
1908 dx= 30:DiceA:PAUSE 1:DiceB
1909 dx=132:DiceA:PAUSE 1:DiceB
1910 END FOR a
1911 dn1=RND(1 TO 8):dx= 30:DiceA:CURSOR#ch,dx,dy,-3,-4:PRINT#ch,dn1
1912 dn2=RND(1 TO 8):dx=132:DiceA:CURSOR#ch,dx,dy,-3,-4:PRINT#ch,dn2
1913 IF dn1>dn2:astro(dn,5)=astro(dn,5)-DMs
1914 IF dn1=dn2: side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5) -DMs
1915 IF dn2>dn1: side(Gp,5)=side(Gp,5) -DMs
1916 IF astro(dn,5)<0:astro(dn,5)=0
1917 END DEFine
```



```
1919 DEFine PROCedure DiceA
1920 ch=2:dy=12:l=2.8:INK#ch,0:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,dx,dy,4:FILL#ch,0
1921 INK#ch,7:CIRCLE#ch,dx,dy,3.9
1922 LINE#ch,dx-l,dy+l TO dx+l,dy+l TO dx+l,dy-l TO dx-l,dy+l TO dx-l,dy+l
1923 END DEFine
```



```
1925 DEFine PROCedure DiceB
1926 ch=2:dy=12:l=2.8:INK#ch,0:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,dx,dy,4:FILL#ch,0
1927 INK#ch,7:CIRCLE#ch,dx,dy,3.9
1928 LINE#ch,dx,dy+l TO dx+l,dy TO dx,dy-l TO dx-l,dy TO dx,dy+l
1929 END DEFine
```



QBITS Galaxy AD2370 Star Ships & MODS

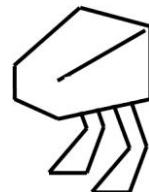
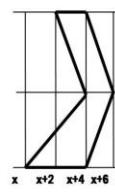
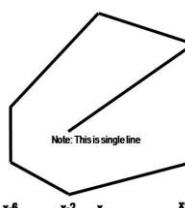
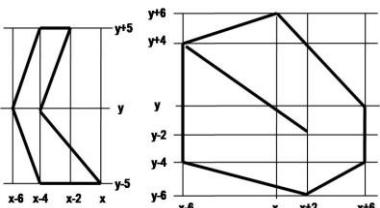
A number of ideas to incorporate Star Ship images was part of my agenda. Creating these can be done in several ways, with a pixel by pixel grid, generated from a scanned image or simply by use of SuperBASIC commands ARC, CIRCLE, LINE, POINT. That is not forgetting the accompanying, INK, FILL, OVER, PI, and use of SCALE.

Creating Simple Images

The range of designs are as you would expect numerous and can get quite complex, my aim was to keep it as simple as possible. Starting with a few doodles to identify a usable shape, I then drew it over a grid. As a child I remember being busy for hours linking up sets of dots to create a picture. With a little imagination employing this technique an object can be broken down into a number of arcs, circles and lines. Then the shape can be build up from overlapping layers.

Creating the MODs

The LINE values again are straightforward to work out.



1931 DEFine PROCEDURE MODL

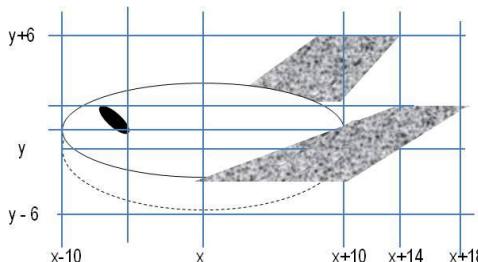
```
1932 ch=2:INK#ch,7:x=14:y=14
1933 FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y-5 TO x-4,y-5 TO x-6,y TO x-4,y+5 TO x-2,y+5 TO x-4,y TO x,y-5:FILL#ch,0
1934 x=x-4:y=y-2:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y-5 TO x-4,y-5 TO x-6,y TO x-4,y+5 TO x-2,y+5 TO x-4,y TO x,y-5:FILL#ch,0
1935 x=x-2:y=y+6:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y+4 TO x-4,y+2 TO x-4,y-2 TO x+4,y-4 TO x+6,y-2 TO x+6,y TO x,y+4:FILL#ch,0:INK#ch,0:LINE#ch,x+4,y-2 TO x-4,y+2:INK#ch,7
1936 END DEFine
```



1938 DEFine PROCEDURE MODR

```
1939 ch=2:INK#ch,7:x=148:y=14
1940 x=x:y=y:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y-5 TO x+4,y-5 TO x+6,y TO x+4,y+5 TO x+2,y+5 TO x+4,y TO x,y-5:FILL#ch,0
1941 x=x+4:y=y-2:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y-5 TO x+4,y-5 TO x+6,y TO x+4,y+5 TO x+2,y+5 TO x+4,y TO x,y-5:FILL#ch,0
1942 x=x+2:y=y+6:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y+4 TO x+4,y+2 TO x+4,y-2 TO x-4,y-4 TO x-6,y-2 TO x-6,y TO x,y+4:FILL#ch,0:INK#ch,0:LINE#ch,x-4,y-2 TO x+4,y+2:INK#ch,7
1943 END DEFine
```

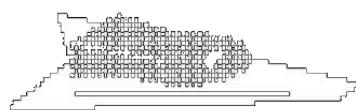
The other images can be generated in much the same way:-



This has overlapping shapes, a filled far side rectangular wing, the main body is a filled white circle, with a black ink circle drawn over the top to give an outline, the near side wing and another filled circle for the flight deck portal.

Individual elements of an image can be coded separately within their own PROCedure where the elements of LINE, CIRCLE etc. are grouped together with colour settings and off-sets to **x**, **y** global coordinates.

Being able to set the ink colours deployed by an image Procedure, allows it to be redraw with all colours set to the background. In effect, the image can be made to appear and disappear.



1945 DEFine PROCedure SS01

```
1946 ch=1:REMark DeathStar x=56:y=76
1947 INK#ch,ink2:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x,y,9:FILL#ch,0
1948 INK#ch,ink1:CIRCLE#ch,x,y,9:INK#ch,0:ARC x-12,y TO x+12,y,PI/3
1949 INK#ch,ink1:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x+2,y+4,4:FILL#ch,0
1950 END DEFine
```



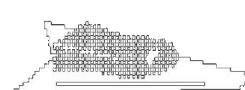
1952 DEFine PROCedure SS02

```
1953 ch=1:ink3=0:REMak Rebel SShip x=120:y=40
1954 INK#ch,ink1:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x-6,y TO x+10,y+6 TO x+14,y+6 TO x+6,y TO x-8,y:FILL#ch,0
1955 INK#ch,ink1:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x,y,10,,4,PI/2:FILL#ch,0
1956 INK#ch,ink3:CIRCLE#ch,x,y+1,10,28,PI/2:FILL#ch,ink2
1957 FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x,y-2 TO x+14,y+3 TO x+18,y+3 TO x+14,y-1 TO x,y-2:FILL#ch,0
1958 INK#ch,0:FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x-6,y+2,2,3,PI/3:FILL#ch,0
1959 END DEFine
```



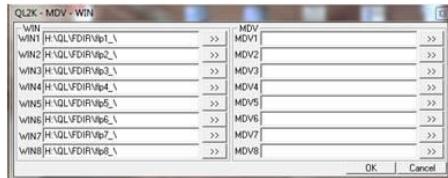
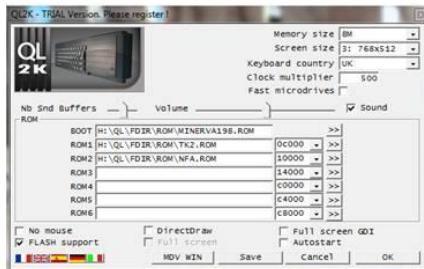
1961 DEFine PROCedure SS03

```
1962 ch=1:REMak Federation SShip x=50:y=40
1963 INK#ch,ink1:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x-20,y-2 TO x-12,y+4 TO x-14,y+10 TO x+25,y+1 TO x+22,y-1 TO x-20,y-2:FILL#ch,0
1964 INK#ch,ink2:FILL#ch,1:LINE#ch,x-12,y+6 TO x-6,y+10 TO x+4,y+6 TO x,y+2 TO x-12,y+2 TO x-12,y+6:FILL#ch,0
1965 FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x+2,y+4,9,,35,PI/2:FILL#ch,0:INK#ch,0
1966 FILL#ch,1:CIRCLE#ch,x+6,y+4,,7,3,PI/4:FILL#ch,0
1967 LINE#ch,x-12,y+6 TO x,y+4:LINE#ch,x+16,y,-5 TO x-12,y,-5
1968 END DEFine
```

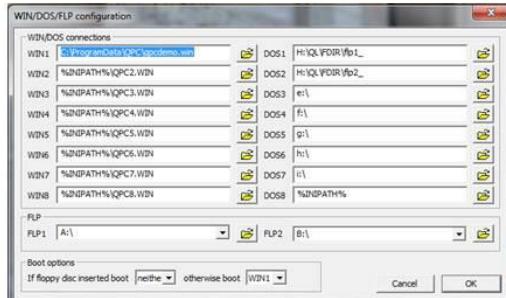
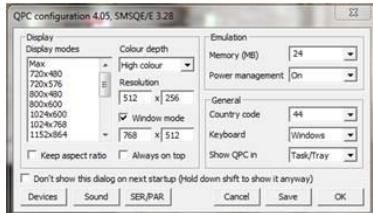


QBITS use of QL Emulators

My mainstay in writing SuperBASIC Progs since 2008 has been the **QL2K** but recently I tried out the **QPC2** and **SMQL** emulators. They have some differences but both present the opportunity to use higher resolutions and an expanded colour range.



Advantage of the Clock Multiplier allows test runs at original QL speed.



DOS A: & B: Direct Floppy access

